The Times-Democrat.

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SOME DEFINITE NEWS.

Frank Butler, the Australian Murderer, Located.

ON BOARD THE SWANHILDA.

It Is Believed the Captain of the Ship Has Placed the Criminal In Irons. Information Gained by Signaling.

San Francisco, Jan. 21.—The steamer Australia, from Honolulu, brought some definite news regarding the ship Swanhilda and her passenger, Frank Butler, the Australian murderer. Word had been brought by a previous steamer that the Hawaiian steamer Taupo had spoken to the Swanhilda at sea and had given Captain Frazer of the Swanhilda papers containing accounts of Butler's crimes.

The steamer reports that the Taupo spoke to the Swanhilda but gave no papers. The Taupo signalled: "Frank Butler, alias Captain Lee Walter, murderer, is on board."

The Swanhilda's captain responded: "All right, I understand." The police believe this indicates Butler is now in irons on the Swanhilda. The ship Olive Bank, which left New Castle, Australia, five days before the Swanhilda started, was sighted in a dead calm 130 miles from this port. The Olive Bank is now out 62 days.

Sailed With Mutineers.

New York, Jan. 21.—The Nova Scotia brig Electric Light, which put in here a week ago with four feet of water in the hold, sailed on her way to Rio Grande with a crew of four mutineers and five 'longshoremen, commanded by a new captain and mate. The mutineers plainly threatened the captain with violence if he persisted in leaving the port under the circumstances. The trouble arose from the alleged condition of the ship which is deeply laden with a general cargo.

Cullom Indorsed For Cabinet.

Springfield, Ills., Jan. 21.—After the result of the vote had been announced a committee of members from the house and senate escorted Senator-elect Mason to the hall and he made a short address. In the course of his remarks he declared himself emphatically in favor of the recognition of the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents. This was greeted with tremendous applause. A resolution was adopted indorsing Senator Cullom for a position in President McKinley's cabinet.

Torpedo Boat Launched.

Newport, R. I., Jan. 21.—Torpedo boat No. 6 was taken out of Narragansett bay for her first official builders' speed trial. She was taken over a measured mile course under three boilers and a full head of steam. The sea was calm. The boat was in charge of Captain Nat Herreshoff, and the result of her first work was 26.85 knots an hour, with a steam pressure of 180 pounds, leaving 40 pounds in reserve to make the speed of 27½ knots which is required by the contract.

A Military Escort.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Secretary Lamont has instructed General Forsythe commanding the department of California, to detail a detachment of United States troops at San Francisco to escort the remains of the late United States Minister Willis when the latter arrives from Honolulu.

Will Not Arbitrate.

Leadville, Colo., Jan. 21.—The mine owners, it is understood, will pay no attention whatever to the strikers' request for arbitration of the questions at issue between them. E. W. Debs considers that the strikers made a mistake in rejecting the terms offered by the mine owners.

Suspects Arrested.

Columbus, O., Jan. 21.—Fred Faucett, colored, Paul Pacopinski, John Allen, John Kelly, George Cook, Joseph McVey and D. H. Warner were arrested on suspicion. They are believed to have had a hand in holding up Frank Wilson's saloon at Shepherd's Station.

Arrested For Forgery.

Lisbon, O., Jan. 21.—C. W. Hummer, until recently engaged in the shoe business, was arrested on the charge of forgery in having signed the name of his mother-in-law to indorsements upon which he was able to purchase a stock of goods.

To Investigate Trusts.

Albany, Jan. 21.—The senate adopted the resolution presented by Senator Lexow providing that a special commission investigate trusts and report to the legislature by March with a bill intended to remedy the alleged evils.

Villages Destroyed.

Athens, Jan. 21.—An earthquake has occurred at Delvino, Turkish Epirus. Several villages, mostly inhabited by Christians, have been destroyed and it is feared that many people have perished.

The Weather.

For Indiana—Rain or snow; colder; winds brisk to northerly.

For West Virginia—Threatening weather and snow or rain; not so cold; southeasterly winds, shifting to westerly.

For Ohio—Snow or rain, followed by clearing; not so cold; brisk southeasterly winds shifting to westerly.

ARE READY WITH PLANS

Four Different Sets Anxious to Reorganize.

PROTECTING THE INTERESTS

All Holders of Securities Are Requested To Communicate With Some of the Promoters—Stock of a Coal Company.

New York, Jan. 21.—Four separate interests representing various holdings of Wheeling and Lake Erie and allied securities have already taken the field, and are now requesting all holders to communicate with them with a view to protecting their interests in reorganization.

A number of owners of the securities have already formed a committee consisting of General Louis Fitzgerald, W. L. Bull and Duncan D. Parmly, who are prepared to submit a plan of organization when needed, and meanwhile will represent holdings of the first fives, consol fours, preferred and common stocks of the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad company, as well as the bonds and stock of the Wheeling, Lake Erie and Pittsburg Coal company.

Deposits of the latter companies' securities are also asked by J. R. Loomis and Douglas and Jones, while Messrs. Thompson, Adams and McNeill, and Dick Brothers & Company seek to represent respectively the junior securities and those of all classes in the event of reorganization proceedings.

An Attachment.

New York, Jan. 21.—An attachment for $6,000 was issued against property of the Wheeling and Lake Erie railroad company in favor of Herbert T. Handon on two drafts. Copies of the attachment were served upon two banks.

DREAD OF EXPOSURE.

How the Withdrawal of the Charges Against Ivory Is Regarded.

Dublin, Jan. 21.—The withdrawal of charges against Edward J. Ivory in the central criminal court, London, is regarded here as being due to the crown's dread of the exposure of Thomas Meric Jones, the informer. Two witnesses left on Saturday in order to testify for the defense in regard to sensational overtures made to them by Jones a week before he appeared at the Bow street police court to testify against Ivory.

Tea Merchants Heard.

Washington, Jan. 21.—The ways and means committee of the house gave a hearing to a delegation of tea importers, representing the importers of all the large cities. Thomas A. Phelan, Samuel Lee and W. P. Roome of New York constituted the delegation. They asked that the law be so amended as to give the inspectors and arbitrators' standards to guide them, so that they will admit and reject goods uniformly. They would have a permanent board of merchants or experts to determine the lowest grade of tea fit for use before the season begins.

For Christian Endeavorers.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—The roads of the Transcontinental Passenger association have finally finished their meeting and adjourned and they have very little but some finished matters of routine to show for the long meeting. It was decided that the round trip rates for the meeting of the Christian Endeavor society in San Francisco should be $45 from the line of the Missouri river and it was decided to ask the roads of the Western Passenger association to make a round trip rate of $50 from Chicago and $46.50 from St. Louis.

Route by Water.

Washington, Jan. 21.—The house committee on rivers and harbors favorably reported the bill for a survey for a water route from Galveston to Houston in Texas. The plans contemplate a channel from the jetties in Galveston harbor through the ship channel, and Buffalo bayou 25 feet deep and 100 wide and a harbor at Houston of the same depth and 500 feet wide.

Remains of Minister Willis.

San Francisco, Jan. 21.—The remains of Albert Shelby Willis, late United States minister to Hawaii, were brought here by the steamer Australia and were taken to Louisville for interment. Mrs. Willis and her son accompanied the remains. No military escort was sent from Honolulu by the Hawaiian government by the special request of Mrs. Willis.

Earnings of Baltimore and Ohio.

Baltimore, Jan. 21.—The earnings of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad for the month of December, 1896, were $2,168,383, an increase of $107,343.

More Money Needed.

Washington, Jan. 21.—The secretary of the treasury submitted an estimate of $20,000 to continue the services of the commission to treat with the Crow, Flathead and other Indians.

Not Subversive to Monroe Doctrine.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Secretary Olney supported his assertion that the arbitration treaty was in no sense in derogation or subversion of the Monroe doctrine.

DEATH OF MR. DELGADO

New York Correspondent Relieved of Distress.

A PRISONER OF SPANIARDS.

The State Department Notify His Family of the End of the Unfortunate Young Man—The History of the Case.

Washington, Jan. 21.—The department of state were notified of the death of Delgado, the correspondent of the New York Mail and Express at Havana.

The immediate cause of Delgado's death was an abcess of the stomach, which refused to yield to treatment. Consul General Lee's reports show that the man had the best of attention ever since his case was brought to his attention.

Delgado suffered horribly from neglect, it is said, in the early stages of his ailment. About Dec. 10 last he was found by the Spanish forces in Pinar del Rio and sent under arrest to Havana.

Upon discovering how ill he was the man was removed to San Ambrosia hospital, and some weeks ago an operation was performed upon him, the abcess in the stomach being opened. This failed to heal and the exhaustion that followed was doubtless the cause of death.

Assistant Secretary Rockhill, upon receiving the news of Delgado's death, promptly notified by telegraph his family in New York and also informed them that they were at liberty to have the remains removed from Cuba. Word was also sent to the New York merchants who have interested themselves in the case of the unfortunate correspondent.

BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

Annual Meeting of the Corrugated Steel Roofers at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Jan. 21.—The National Association of Corrugated Steel and Iron Roofers held their annual meeting here behind closed doors. Seventeen firms were represented by 27 delegates. The business related to maintaing perfect uniformity in rules of measurement and securing fairness in freight rates.

The officers elected were: President, George E. Needam, Cleveland; vice president, Charles M. Connor, Louisville; secretary and treasurer, George Verity, Cincinnati; executive committee, the president, vice president, secretary and Messrs. J. G. Battelle, Alexander Glass, J. E. Annis, Joseph Biehle, W. G. Graham and H. G. Souther. The executive committee select the place for the next meeting.

McKinley's Callers.

Canton, O., Jan. 21.—Hon. Charles G. Dawes of Evanston, Ills., arrived in Canton and will be the guest of President-elect McKinley possibly for a few days. Although a steady rain has been falling, a number of visitors from different points paid their respects to Major McKinley. Dawes, however, claimed Mr. McKinley's attention. Mrs. McKinley received several friends during the evening.

An Eloquent Welcome.

Tampa, Fla., Jan. 21.—The South Atlantic and Gulf States coast and harbor defense and improvement convention convened at the Tampa Bay auditorium at 11 a. m. President J. H. Fessenden of the board of trade called the assemblage to order. Governor Bloxham delivered the address of welcome for the state, which was so eloquent that he was frequently interrupted.

Voting For Senator.

Olympia, Wash., Jan. 21. — Both branches of the legislature met in joint session at noon and took their first joint ballot for United States senator without result, as follows: Turner, 19; Squire, 2; Cline, 13; Baker, 7; Daniels, 13; Denny, 26; Radner, 6; Davis, 8; Winner, 9; Newe, 11; Range, 1; McGready, 1; Wescott, 1; Andrews, 1; Foss, 1; Witt, 1; Catton, 1.

Officers Elected.

New York, Jan. 21.—At the forty-fourth annual meeting of the American Society of Civil Engineers held here the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, B. M. Harrod of New Orleans; vice presidents, Colonel George H. Mendall of San Francisco and John F. Wallace of Chicago; treasurer, John Thomson of New York.

Duncan B. Harrison Better.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 21.—Duncan B. Harrison, the well known playwright and actor, is not dying, as reported. Mr. Harrison had a slight attack of pneumonia and his physicians pronounce him out of all danger.

Permanent Republican League.

Atlanta, Jan. 21.—Thirty-seven delegates, representing 40 McKinley clubs in as many different towns of Georgia met here and organized a permanent state league. Major J. F. Hanson of Macon was elected president.

Murderer Executed.

Auburn, N. Y., Jan. 21.—John Hoch was executed by electricity in the state prison here. Hoch, on July 10, 1895 murdered Minnie Ingersoll, 16, at Chapel Hill.

MINE OWNERS FILE SUIT.

They Claim to Have Been Bunco'ed by an Adventurer.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—Louis C. Tetard, who says he is the owner of a mine in California known as the "Gold Reward," and Rosie A. Sweet, who claims ownership to the McCabe mines in Arizona, have begun suits for $50,000 in the superior court against Valentine Hoffman of the Brewer & Hoffman Brewing company and J. E. Buell.

Hoffman, it is alleged, began negotiations for the purchase of mining property, the purchase being dependent on the report of Buell, who was introduced as a mining expert and who was liberally paid by the mine owners for the examination.

His reports were unfavorable in both instances, whereupon Hoffman refused to buy. It is charged that Hoffman never intended to buy, but that Hoffman's and Buell's object was to get heavy expense money from Tetard and Sweet.

SOME SHADY TRANSACTIONS.

Real Cause of the Failure of a Bank Coming to Light.

Cincinnati, Jan. 21.—The examination into the condition of the First National bank of Newport which failed on Monday will not be completed by the government officers for a week or 10 days and then it will be forwarded to the comptroller of the currency.

It is claimed from other sources that the indebtedness of Cashier Youtzey to the bank will reach $225,000, and although he has turned over to the bank real estate and securities estimated to be worth $150,000 it will not be possible to realize more than one half his indebtedness.

A most disagreeable feature of the failure is the tying up of the school funds on deposit, also the funds of the county treasurer. Under the slow operation of a receivership it is not thought the first dividend can be made under 18 months.

SCHWEISER WANTS MONEY.

Suit Against a San Francisco Newspaper For Big Damages.

Fresno, Cal., Jan. 21.—Suit has been commenced by Charles A. Schweiser, a harness maker, against the San Francisco Call to recover damages in the sum of $100,000 for alleged libel. The article upon which the suit is based was a sensational story to the effect that Schweiser had hired John Barker, since deceased, to assassinate Solomon Lehman upon whose life Schweiser held an insurance for $5,000 as security for money loaned.

The grand jury investigated the charges and arrived at the conclusion that they were the result of a conspiracy to blackmail Schweiser. The attempts were made to assassinate Lehman and a charge of shot fired from ambush, wounding his daughter who was riding with him at the time.

Boot and Shoe Manufacturer Fails.

Lynn, Mass., Jan. 21.—The failure of Charles R. Rumsey, boot and shoe manufacturer of this city, is announced. The failure is due, it is stated, to poor business and the failure of Burpee Rumsey, brother of Charles, several months ago. The assets and liabilities are not known. The capital invested in the business is from $50,000 to $75,000.

Settled Out of Court.

London, Jan. 21.—In the suit for breach of promise brought by Miss Mabel Duncan of the "Geisha" company against Captain Arthur Bingham Crabbe of the Royal Irish regiment, damages being asked to the amount of $50,000, a verdict by consent was rendered for the plaintiff. The terms of the settlement are not stated.

Warehouse to Be Abandoned.

Denver, Jan. 21.—Internal Revenue Collector A. L. New has issued orders to close the bonded warehouse which was established in Denver more than a year ago, and to notify persons holding alcohol and spirituous liquors in bond to withdraw the same by the 1st of May, as the warehouse is to be abandoned by the government.

Wants the Will Set Aside.

Akron, O., Jan. 21.—N. A. Chapman, of Twinsburg, whose father, Albert Chapman, 82, bequeathed him a 100-acre farm and a silver spoon, has sued to have the will set aside, alleging that his sister, Lida Johnson, wrongfully influenced the testator into devising the bulk of his property, valued at nearly $30,000, to her.

New Incorporations.

Columbus, O., Jan. 21.—The E. A. Kinsey company, Cincinnati, capital stock $100,000; the First Baptist church of Greenfield; the Turva, Ashtabula; the Executive Council of Republican Shop clubs of Ohio, Cleveland; the Canton and Cleveland Brick company, Canton, $200,000.

Ex-Congressman English Ill.

Indianapolis, Jan. 21.—William E. English, ex-congressman and millionaire son of the late William H. English, is lying critically ill at his rooms in this city. For some time he has been suffering from stomach trouble, and within the past few days malarial fever has developed.

Young Burglar Nabbed.

Youngstown, O., Jan. 21.—Fred Behnke, a discharged clerk, was caught in the act of burglarizing the grocery of Reentz & Cox.

Pleads Not Guilty.

Wilmington, O., Jan. 21.—James Harvey, indicted for the murder of his wife on Dec. 18, pleaded not guilty.

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SPANISH WHIPPED.

Insurgent Soldiers Attack the Enemy's Camp at Night.

Key West, Fla., Jan. 21.—Among the passengers on the steamer from Havana was Jose Micando, from the interior south of Havana. He reports a fight at Helena Del Sur, in the southern part of Havana province, two weeks ago that the officials in Havana have not yet reported.

A Spanish cavalry force of some 600 men camping there were surprised by 400 Cubans under Colonel Sanchez, one of Maceo's old officers. The Spanish forces fought bravely, but retreated within half an hour with 20 men killed.

The Cubans suffered a loss of 8. The Cubans pursued, but were drawn into ambush and punished terribly, losing 50 men. They withdrew and the Spanish troops re-entered their old camp and began merrymaking in honor of their victory.

Late that night the insurgents again attacked and surprised the camp, forcing their way to the commanding officer's quarters before their presence was discovered. Then the terror-stricken Spanish soldiers fled, flinging down their weapons. The insurgents pursued them for miles, killing and wounding over 100. The captured officers were finally released on parole. The Cubans were received by the people as deliverers. After remaining there two days they moved northwards.

Three days after that a Spanish force commanded by the guerilla captain, Felix Des Gratia, marched in. After securing the mayor and other officers as prisoners, he secured the persons of the leading women of the place and then gave the town over to his ruffianly soldiers. For the next 24 hours the Spanish guerillas had their own way with the helpless women and girls.

Weyler Located.

Havana, Jan. 21.—Captain General Weyler arrived at San Jose de la Jas, in Havana province.

Speeches of Senators.

Washington, Jan. 21.—The senate proceeded with the consideration of the Nicaragua canal bill, Mr. Turpie continuing his speech in opposition. He has not yet concluded. His remarks were bitterly antagonistic to the Nicaragua Canal company, the senator characterizing its methods as those of Peter Funk. Mr. Morgan will ask to have a time fixed for a final vote as soon as Mr. Turpie closes.

The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, carrying approximately $23,000,000, was passed during the day.

Mr. Pettigrew of South Dakota severely criticised the executive authorities for concluding the Venezuelan boundary agreement which he said was a complete surrender of Venezuela to Great Britain. His resolution calling on the secretary of state for information was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Unanimous agreement was secured for taking up the bill for an international monetary conference of Tuesday next.

Issue a Manifesto.

Dover, Del., Jan. 21.—The "rump" legislature adjourned sine die, but before doing so issued a manifesto. The document declares that the rights of the people are continually denied in Delaware; that the legislature and executive authorities have been overthrown; that legally elected legislators have been evicted from the state Capitol and that "a corrupt oligarchy" has usurped the executive powers of a free state.

A Mining Bureau.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Senator Perkins of California introduced a bill which is intended to pave the way to the establishment of a bureau or a department of the government to be devoted to the mining industry.

White Will Retire.

New York, Jan. 21.—Loomis L. White, for 40 years a member of the New York Stock Exchange, will retire from active business in Wall street on Feb. 1, and his firm, Loomis L. White & Company, will permanently dissolve. With the exception of four years, when he was in the banking business in St. Paul, he has been in active business in Wall street for 44 years.

Founded Fifty Years.

Appleton, Wis., Jan. 21.—Lawrence university of Appleton is celebrating the semi-centennial of its founding. The college was founded by Amos A. Lawrence of Boston and was chartered by the Wisconsin territorial legislature Jan. 17, 1847. The present town of Appleton grew up as a result of the location of the college in the then wilderness.

Foreign Cyclers.

New York, Jan. 21.—On board the American liner New York, which left for Southampton were Tom and Sam Linton, Chappel, Hunter and Ted Marks of the foreign cyclers' troupe, which arrived here about two months ago. Manager Plummer had to cancel his passage owing to a crate of bicycles having gone astray.

No Election.

Salt Lake, Jan. 21.—The legislature in joint session took two ballots for United States senator. Both of them resulted as follows: Thatcher, 21; Rawlins, 16; Henderson, 17; Lawrence, 4; Goodwin, 3; Nebeker, 2.

Granted an Appeal.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 21.—It was given out here that Bishop Bonacum, whose troubles with priests of his diocese have stirred Catholic circles for several years, has been granted an appeal from Papal Delegate Martinelli. The case will probably be tried over again.

He Fell From Grace.

Pomeroy, O., Jan. 21.—David Geyer, who formerly stood high in commercial circles in this city, has been convicted at Wheeling of obtaining goods under false pretenses.

Baggage Hustlers.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 21.—The American Association of General Baggage Agents commenced its annual convention at the Jefferson hotel.

Not a Surprise.

Minneapolis, Jan. 21.—The Century Piano company assigned with assets of $60,000; liabilities not stated. The failure was not a surprise.

Not Croker's Brother.

New York, Jan. 21.—Richard Croker denied that Louis Croker, who died suddenly in Washington on Monday was his brother.

Burglarized.

Athens, O., Jan. 21.—L. B. Nelson was bound over in $8,000 for burglarizing the store at Zelda.

School House Burned.

Manchester, O., Jan. 21.—The schoolhouse in Sprigg township was burned; no insurance.

Receiver For Elevated.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—Judge Showalter appointed Dickinson McAllister receiver for the Metropolitan Elevated railway.

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Perfect in operation.

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Perfect post-prandial pill.
Perfect for all purposes.

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TO REACH THE POLE.

THE NEW PLAN LIEUTENANT PEARY HOPES TO TRY.

American Geographical Society Awards the Cullum Medal to the Famous Explorer—He Explains to Them His Ideas For a New Expedition.

The chief feature of the annual meeting of the American Geographical society at New York the other evening was the presentation of the Cullum geographical medal to R. E. Peary, C. E., U. S. N. The occasion called out a large attendance, and when Mr. Peary came upon the stage he was received with generous applause.

President Charles P. Daly, in a brief address, said that the late General Cullum, who left $100,000 to the society for a building, bequeathed a further sum to be known as the Cullum geographical medal fund for a gold medal to be given to those who should render most distinguished services to geographical science and particularly to American citizens.

The society's council had decided that this, the first medal, should be awarded to Mr. Peary for having established the insularity of Greenland, an accomplishment of more than ordinary importance in the history of arctic discoveries.

"It was decided," said Judge Daly, "that you were entitled to it above all others, with one exception, and that exception was Mrs. Peary." The audience applauded this sentiment.

Mr. Peary, upon receiving the medal, expressed his thanks for the high honor the society had conferred upon him. He told of a visit he paid to the late General Cullum prior to his departure for the north in 1890. General Cullum wished him all good fortune on his trip to Greenland and said, "When you get back, I shall be in Greenwood." When the explorer returned, he asked where General Cullum was. The answer was, "In Greenwood."

Mr. Peary devoted most of his remarks to outlining a plan for reaching the north pole. He said the pole was certain soon to be reached, as it is now only a question of time and money. His own expedition had convinced him that, "from a sufficient depot of provisions and equipment in the latitude of Independence bay, the pole is attainable." He believed that the results of his own expeditions, together with those of Nansen and Jackson, show that there is left but one practical route by which to attain the north pole, and that is the route through Smith sound and along the northwest coast of Greenland. Mr. Peary explained the objects and plan of the proposed work in part as follows:

"The conquest of the north pole, the complete delimitation of the Greenland archipelago, the last of the circumpolar island groups, and the elimination from our maps of the unknown area between the eighty-fourth parallel and the pole are important geographical desiderata. This work can be accomplished without risk of life or health. It can be done at a comparatively small cost.

"My plan is to raise a fund sufficient to insure the continuation of the work of exploration for ten years if necessary, say $150,000, and deposit in a trust company, purchase a ship, give her a minimum crew, load with concentrated provisions, proceed to Whale sound, take on board several picked families of my faithful Eskimos, with their tents, canoes, dogs, etc., force a way through Robeson channel to Sherard Osborne fiord or farther and land people and stores, then send the ship back.

"As soon as the freezing of the ice in the great fiords of the northwest coast would permit sledge travel the work of advancing supplies northeastward along the coast would be commenced, taking comparatively short stages and light loads so that the trips could be quickly made. As soon as the supplies had been advanced the first stage the party itself would move forward, leaving a cache behind, and as they would be following Eskimo customs and living in snow houses this could easily be done.

"Then the second stage of advance would be taken up and the work carried on until the departure of the sun. Each of the brilliant winter moons of the polar night would afford opportunities for continuing it, so that early spring should find the party and the bulk of its supplies located at the northern terminus of the north Greenland archipelago, probably not far from the eighty-fifth parallel, with caches behind it at each prominent headland.

"From this point, when the proper time came, with picked dogs, the lightest possible equipment and two of the best of the Eskimos, the dash for the pole would be attempted, with strong probabilities of a successful termination.

"Should the first season be unfavorable as regards ice conditions, it could be devoted to a detailed survey of the archipelago itself and a reconnoissance of the east coast as far south as possible and the northern journey reserved for the following season or the next.

"Each succeeding summer the ship would attempt to establish communication with the party's base, succeeding probably every other year at first, then with increasing experience, every year, and keep up its supply of food, dogs and Eskimos until the objects of the expedition were accomplished.

"Should the ship be unsuccessful in the passage of Robeson channel the first year, the party would land at Hayes sound and devote the first year to explorations of that unknown region. Retreat from the colony at Sherard Osborne fiord would always be practicable across the inland ice to Whale sound.

"Here let me call your attention to a few points on which you must accept my dictum, as I have no time to enlarge.

"Arctic exploration may be regarded as safe. This is shown by the experience of the last ten years. Nothing is to be gained by numbers. In fact, numbers are a distinct danger, and the frightful catastrophies of previous work are, in my opinion directly traceable to that cause. The entire animus of the arctic regions is against large parties. Where 8 men will get along in safety and comfort 6 would merely exist on half rations and 12 die of starvation. The two men party is the ideal one. Both Nansen and myself have proved this.

"The leader of the expedition must be at the head of the advance party. No successful arctic party can be led from the rear.

"The latitude of Lockwood and Brainard's farthest north is 83 degrees 24 minutes. The distance from this point, up to which we know there is land, to the pole and return is less than the distance from Whale sound to Independence bay and return, which I have twice covered, once with a single companion and again under the heaviest handicaps.

"Quite likely the question comes up, 'If this method is so practicable, why has not the establishment of a base in this locality been attempted before, and why have I not attempted it myself?' It has been attempted before, but, there being no means for a continued effort, failure in the first attempt has resulted in its abandonment. As for myself, it has been entirely a question of money. The funds at my disposal have not permitted the charter of a ship beyond Whale sound.

"The points in favor of this project are:

"First.—The utilization of the Eskimo, the people best fitted in the world for that particular kind of work—men who, under the leadership of one whom they know to be their friend and in whom they have the utmost confidence, would follow to the end, faithful and loyal as their own magnificent dogs.

"Second.—Land for a base. The party launched into the icy waste from the northern archipelago would have some definite, fixed point to which to return, rather than a ship drifting with the drifting ice, to vanish like a will o' the wisp, as did the Fram from Nansen. Then should the party be swept westerly in its retreat it would still strike land, and, finding depots at each prominent headland, could easily reach headquarters.

"Third.—A practicable and already utilized route for a retreat independent of the ship or outside assistance.

"In a nutshell, my project means:

"First.—The raising of a sum sufficient to insure persistent, continued effort, so that if the attempt fails the first year it can be repeated the next, and the next, and the next, until it is done.

"Second.—The establishment of a party of picked Eskimo families, a surgeon and an experienced leader at the highest practicable point on the northwest coast of Greenland, with ample supplies, means of communication which would enable the colony to sustain itself until its work is accomplished, and with a practicable line of retreat entirely independent of the ship.

"This project in more detail and accompanied by maps will be placed before your council in the belief that it will meet the approval and indorsement of the society. With that indorsement I believe the time is opportune for raising the money for the work."

SUNDAY SCHOOL CHAMPION.

Only Two Sundays Missed In Nine Years, Eight Months and Two Weeks.

A 13-year-old boy in Danville, Ky., thinks he is entitled to the world's championship for Sunday school attendance. He has been in his seat at the Methodist Church South on every Sunday morning except two for 9 years, 8 months and 2 weeks ending Sunday, Jan. 10. On one of the two exceptions he was down with the measles and on the other day he was unavoidably detained. More than this, he has now been in his class on 308 consecutive Sundays, and he says he is going to keep it up until he has 1,000 straight Sundays to his credit.

The boy's name is John C. Eastland, Jr. He joined the Sunday school in May, 1887, when he was but a little more than 3 years old, and he has been going ever since. What makes this regularity of attendance the more remarkable is that until a few months ago the Eastlands lived six miles out in the country and had to drive to town before 9 o'clock every Sunday morning. Much of the time John has had to come through all sorts of disagreeable weather, and very frequently by himself. Sometimes he has come through blinding rain and blizzards, when other children who lived within a stone's throw of the church have staid away.

The President and Newspaper Men.

"If you newspaper men would call on me oftener," said the president the other day to a correspondent who had come with a senator to pay his respects, "you wouldn't make so many mistakes." When the correspondent caught his breath, which had fled at the remark, he replied:

"Well, Mr. President, the truth is, the newspaper men have been compelled to believe that you did not care to see them."

"That is very strange," said the president. "I have never refused to see any newspaper man when he sent in his card."

Possibly Private Secretary Thurber will be good enough to explain to the president the whyness of this.—Washington Post.

To the South Pole.

The south polar expedition that has been under preparation for a considerable time by German and Austrian scientists will be commanded by J. von Payer. It will be preceded by a preliminary expedition from Melbourne, which will start next summer, and spend the winter in Victoria Land. Von Payer will not accompany this, but will set out with the main expedition.

They Needed Exercise.

An old man 75 years of age and his wife, 5 years younger, in an English institution for the aged, recently requested the authorities to let them have a tandem bicycle, as they felt the need of exercise.

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

Newspaper Profits In London.

There was a trial before Mr. Justice Cave recently which, if correctly reported, shows what is the profit of the shareholders of The Times. Mr. Adams bought one-fourteenth of two-thirds of one-ninth of two-sixteenths (or 1-1,512) of The Times from Mr. Brodie for £353 on the assurance that this minute share was worth about £25 per annum. According to him, after he had purchased the share, he found it only to be worth £17 a year. On this he asked for damages. The jury assessed the damages at £65. Assuming this share to be worth £18 per annum (which seems about the average value), it is clear that the net dividend on all shares is £37,316. Mr. Adams, believing it to be worth £358, paid for it 14.1 years' purchase. The jury valued it at £288, which, taking the annual return at £18, would be 16 years' purchase, making The Times worth £435,456. This, however, does not quite correctly, I believe, represent the value, for Mr. Walter, as printer, derives a large profit on an old contract. This contract, in point of fact, represents what may be called preference shares, while those of the shareholders may be termed ordinary shares, the value of The Times being the sum total of both.—London Truth.

Wasps and Flies.

The wasp is accepted as emblematical of irritability and petty malignity, but even this much abused insect plays a beneficial part in the work of nature. A number of wasps were seen by R. M. Barrington of Bray, Ireland, buzzing about his cows. Closer inspection revealed that they were all busy catching flies. One white cow drew more wasps than any of the others because the moment a fly alighted it was seen at once against the skin. When a wasp catches a fly, it immediately bites off both wings, sometimes a leg or two and occasionally the head. Mr. Barrington saw some of the wasps, when laden with one fly, catch another without letting go the first and then fly away with both. There was a constant stream of wasps carrying away flies, probably to feed the larvæ in their nests, and returning again to the cows to catch more. In about 20 minutes Mr. Barrington estimated that between 300 and 400 flies were caught on two cows lying close to him.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Fossil Reptile Tracks.

The greatest region in the world for fossil tracks of the reptiles which lived in the early days of the world is that in the vicinity of Portland, Conn. Some of those old time monsters walked as bipeds on feet that made tracks 16 to 20 inches long. These tracks are almost as broad as they are long, and the stride shows that the "reptile" must have been fully 12 feet in height. Formerly these wonderful "fossil tracks of the Connecticut valley" were said to be tracks of ancient birds, but of late the geologists have taken a different view, declaring them to be marks left by reptiles.—St. Louis Republic.

Penn Yan.

The Philadelphia Record thus explains the origin of the name Penn Yan, N. Y.: "It was built up conjointly by settlers from Pennsylvania and New England, who were unable to agree upon a name for the new town until some distorted brain suggested Penn Yan as a combination of the words Pennsylvania and Yankee. It was adopted as a compromise and is still attached to the place."

To Forbid Bloomers In Kansas.

The legislature of Kansas will reform the morals of the people if legislation can do it. Representative Lambert will introduce a bill early in the session prohibiting the wearing of bloomers by women and make it a misdemeanor for a woman to appear in a public thoroughfare astride a bicycle. He says eminent physicians agree these women are ruining their health by riding the bicycle and that the habit unfits them for the sacred duties of motherhood, and, if continued, will soon extinguish the race.

From Sire to Son.

As a family medicine Bacon's Celery King for the Nerves passes from sire to son as a legacy. If you have Kidney, Liver or Blood disorder get a free sample package of this remedy. If you have Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Rheumatism, etc., this specific will cure you. Wm. M. Melville, the leading druggist, is distributing samples free. Large packages 50c and 25c.

Grippe Cured.

"Last winter I had a bad cold and severe cough. I was lame in every joint and muscle. I was sick and felt as though I was coming down with typhoid fever. It was no doubt a bad case of grippe. Mr. E. P. Budge gave me a bottle of Brazilian Balm, saying he was sure it would help me. The relief was almost instantaneous. It quickly stopped my cough and took the grippe with all the pains and soreness out of my system. I gave the balance of the 50-cent bottle to Mrs. Bishop Wiley for her daughter. It proved so beneficial she says she never intends to be without it."—Edwin Fitz Jones, Cincinnati, Ohio.

STORIES OF THE DAY.

A Green Mountain Boy In the War and In After Life.

The Green mountain boys established a reputation for dauntless courage and undying love of country in the war of the Revolution. That reputation her people have ever maintained. Can any one recall any occasion during the war of the rebellion when a company, regiment or battery composed of Vermont troops showed the white feather or did less than they were able to do on the field of battle? It is safe to say no. An equally good record was made by the troops of other states, but it cannot be said of all the troops of all the states that there were not occasions when some of them failed to meet expectation. Generally, when there was a failure, it was attributable to failure on the part of officers rather than the rank and file.

Now, let me tell of a Vermont hero in war.

A 17-year-old Green mountain boy left school to enlist. His first great battle was Gettysburg. He was tall and awkward, but as brave as a Macco, and he had acquitted himself so well that the captain of the company, within a few months from his enlistment, gave him the position of first sergeant. The regiment was under fire for an hour at the time of Pickett's famous charge before it was ordered in. There were pale faces and trembling limbs on every side, but our hero was as cool and collected as if in classroom and had a smile and a word of cheer for his comrades. To one who seemed a little more frightened than his fellows he said: "Cheer up, Jim! You have the chance of your life today."

"Yes," said Jim, "and a right smart chance to lose it too."

"The tide will turn in favor of the Union from this battle. Let us all do our duty today, so that in coming years we may remember that we had a part in the turning of the tide."

Jim and all who heard the young patriot's outburst, as it mingled with the screeching and bursting of shells and the whirring of solid shot, became interested and to a degree calmed down.

A little later came the order, "Fall in." The [illegible] on his feet was the young Vermonter, who, with a smile on his lips and a cheery voice, urged promptness and an unbroken front. In that way he went into the battle. He fought like a very tiger, at the same time doing the duty of half a dozen men as file closer. When the great charge was over, Pickett had been driven back, and the 300 or 400 belching cannon had ceased their roar, it was found that the earth had drunk the blood of many of that Vermont company.

"Did we do as well as you expected, captain?" asked the orderly.

"Better, sergeant, better. But look at our thinned ranks. We no longer have a company."

"That is true, captain, but the tide has turned. We now know that we have a country."

The republic has produced many such heroes, but did any state in the Union, in proportion to her population, produce more than Vermont? This story, which I heard years ago, came back to me last evening as I heard another in connection with that same Vermonter.

When the war ended, he completed his education and entered the ministry. About 20 years ago he was called to a leading Congregational church in Milwaukee, of which he has been the pastor ever since—Rev. George H. Ide, D. D. He is the same courageous, truthful, earnest, patriotic man that he was as a soldier in battle.

This brave soldier, devoted minister and superb citizen has recently had occasion to manifest his courage under more trying circumstances than any which developed at the battle of Gettysburg. Two years ago a growth on one of his lips rendered an operation necessary. It was thought that he had entirely escaped all danger, but a short time ago the growth reappeared in his throat and another operation was decided upon. The chances were against him. All of his friends dreaded the result, yet they knew that without an operation death was not far away. If this man was disturbed, he did not show it in his face, in his speech, in his conduct. He was the same genial, hearty, kindly gentleman, meeting all with a word that told of his good heart.

When he went to Chicago to undergo the operation, every member of his family accompanied him, together with several officials of his church. It would have been easy to think that Dr. Ide was taking a party to Chicago to undergo serious operations, but it would not have been easy for a stranger to think that Dr. Ide was to be operated upon with only 1 chance in 50 for his life.

When the company reached the reception room, Mr. Ide arose and said with perfect calmness, "I am ready, doctor." Then he kissed each member of his family, said goodby and asked all in the room to be standing and join him in repeating the Lord's Prayer. His request was complied with. As he passed through the door into the operating room he saluted the distressed people and threw a kiss to the loving wife.

The operation required nearly two hours, and two hours after it was completed he was again conscious, talked with his wife, who was at his side the moment the doctor would permit her to enter the room, and now he is rapidly recovering, and promise is given that he will soon return to his duties as pastor of one of the largest Protestant congregations in his city—J. A. Watrous in Chicago Times-Herald.

He Wants Business.

An enterprising young physician of Warsaw, Ills., has built a private telephone line connecting his office with the houses of all his country patients.

COUGHS, COLDS, LA GRIPPE and THROAT TROUBLES SPEEDILY CURED.

Miss Nellie Pengyer, 1536 Tenth St., Omaha, Neb., writes: "Have used your Dr. Kay's Lung Balm for a severe case of La Grippe. Two doses gave relief. My lungs were very sore and in taking Dr. Kay's Lung Balm I found that it stopped any desire to cough at once. The soreness on my lungs and in my head soon disappeared. It is very pleasant and easy to take and while it does not cause sickness at the stomach, like many cough remedies, it cures quicker than any I have ever tried.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm.

It Cures Every Kind of Cough. Sold by druggists or sent by mail for 25c. It is perfectly safe for all ages and a sure cure for all lung troubles. Send address for booklet. It has many valuable receipts and gives symptoms and treatment for nearly all diseases and many have said they would not take $5 00 for it if they could not get another. Address (Western office) DR. B. J. KAY MEDICAL CO., Omaha, Neb.

SOLD BY D. OGGINS.

THE HARLEY PHARMACY, LIMA, OHIO.

A TRIBUTE TO ALLISON.

The Honors Offered Him and How Well He Deserves Them.

Senator William B. Allison of Iowa possesses the unique distinction of having been invited into the cabinet of three Ohio born presidents and of having thrice declined. Both Garfield and Harrison unsuccessfully urged the Iowa senator to accept the portfolio of the treasury, and there is now good reason to believe that he has waved aside the place of first honor in the McKinley cabinet.

No one can criticise Senator Allison for preferring to a cabinet position the senatorial seat in which he has so creditably served the country and his state. In that forum his laurels have been won. There his long experience, his broad statesmanship, his matured judgment and splendid reputation have been of inestimable service to the country. The environment of the senate chamber is congenial to his tastes, and Iowa would be proud to keep him there so long as he may be willing to remain in public life. Yet it is a misfortune and a cause for regret that his personality is not to contribute strength, confidence and capacity to the cabinet of President McKinley.

Just 16 years ago James G. Blaine wrote to President Elect Garfield suggesting the appointment of Mr. Allison as secretary of the treasury. He said: "Allison is known to you thoroughly—and long. He is true, kind, reasonable, fair, honest and good. He is methodical, industrious and intelligent, and would be a splendid man to sail along with smoothly and successfully. In the whole United States I do not believe you could do so well. With you as president, taking your two chief advisers from the friends of your manhood—who all entered congress on the same day, all at the same age, nearly, and all three in unbroken harmony of friendship for 18 years—there would be presented a picture without a precedent, poetic as well as political."

There would be almost as much poetry, and even better politics, in the present situation if William B. Allison could be persuaded by Major McKinley to sit at the council table in the cabinet.—New York Mail and Express.

NATIONAL BOWLING LEAGUE.

A Scheme For Playing Match Games In the Principal Cities.

R. Mather Archer of Wheeling, W. Va., is behind a scheme to organize a national bowling league, to take in all the principal cities of the United States. His plan is as follows:

Form a team of six regular players and four or six substitutes from whom to draw in the event of the absence of any of the regular players, one team to be formed in each city holding a league franchise. Adopt a schedule like those that govern the usual local bowling league and have each team play each week a series of two or three games against another league team, as per schedule. But there would be a difference. Suppose, for instance, Wheeling and Chicago were playing. Instead of meeting on the same alleys the clubs would play on alleys in their own cities designated by the league. Officials named by the league would see that the games were played honestly. The score would be wired to all the cities in the league, so the result of the previous night's games would be known when the morning papers were issued. Or, the score might be wired to opposing clubs immediately after each game. This, of course, would add to the excitement. The team making the better score in each game would win that game. The season would continue as long as considered desirable. By assessing each club a trophy or pennant could be purchased to go to the club winning the national championship. Mr. Archer hopes to have a meeting called in one of the eastern cities soon.

WAS BALD AND TOOTHLESS.

Now He Has Hair and Is Cutting Some Teeth.

A remarkable case exists in the village of Tuckerti, in Kankakee county, Ills., in the case of Mr. John Adams. This man is 85 years old. Until recently he was bald, toothless and almost blind. He can now see as well as ever, has cut several teeth, and his hair has grown out again. The new hair is dark. At first glance he looks like a man of 40. The eyes are bright and clear and emphasize the wrinkles, and his cuticle looks like parchment.

Mr. Adams now has an idea that new skin will come and the wrinkles disappear. He is enjoying excellent health and believes he has many years yet to live. Mr. Adams weighs 198 pounds, is 5 feet 9 inches tall, and his shoulders are but little stooped. He drinks no coffee, tea or alcoholic stimulants, and for ten years he has been rising regularly at 5:30 a. m., summer and winter, and walking a distance of two miles to his son's for breakfast.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Anyone who suffers from that terrible plague, Itching Piles, will appreciate the immediate relief and permanent cure that comes through the use of Doan's ointment. It never fails.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 5662.

Ex. Doc. 9. Page 398.

The First National Bank of Lima, Ohio, Plaintiff, vs. Alice Showalter, et al., Defendants. | Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen County, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, JANUARY 30th, A. D. 1897,

Between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate on Second Street in the City of Lima, Allen County, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Inlot number thirty seven hundred and thirty-six—3736—in Hughes' Sub-Division of Inlots in Hughes' Second Addition to the City of Lima, in said County and State.

Appraised at $600 00.

Terms of sale—Cash.

AARON FISHER, Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, December 24th, 1896.

H. L. Brice, plaintiff's attorney.

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of Martin A. Krofft, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as Administrator of the estate of Martin A. Krofft, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 31st day of December, A. D. 1896.

1-2-3w* PHILIP A. HAWK, Administrator.

In Probate Court.

The fourth and final account of C. P. Bryan, as assignee of Samuel Stemen insolvent, will be for hearing at 10 o'clock a. m., Tuesday, February 9th. 1 18-3w

A Handsome Complexion

is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.

The Social Position of Actors.

The time was in France when the actor had no social position, and certainly no spiritual one. Special dispensation was necessary when the Catholic church allowed a mass to be said for the repose of an actor's soul. In The Chautauquan Professor Warren, describing the Moliere period, writes:

The social position of actors in Moliere's time was a low one. Not from any prejudice against the stage evidently, since dramatists like Corneille and Scarron were on the same footing at the Hotel de Rambouillet and the other salons of Paris as poets and essayists and were elected to the French Academy as readily. Indeed, it would seem as though the composition of plays was the shortest road to distinction in the Paris of Moliere, as it is today. But with the actors it was another question. Their wandering, unsettled modes of life had evidently told against them. They were not admitted to society whether their conduct was good or bad. They were not even considered in the light of literary persons. Moliere met his friends, Boileau, La Fontaine, Furetiere, at public cafes. As a writer of comedy he was either not taken seriously or had incurred too much hostility on the part of influential sets, the clergy through "Tartuffe," the salons through "Les Femmes Savantes." As an actor he was considered an outcast with his class, and when, on his deathbed, he asked for spiritual consolation his appeal fell on deaf ears till it was too late. So that it was with the greatest difficulty that his widow procured a bit of consecrated ground in which to lay the remains of the unshrived comedian.

'Tis Midnight!

Hark! All through the house rings the awful sound, once heard never forgotten, the sound of a child's croup cough. There is no time to lose. Croup is a monster that will not be trifled with. Then is the time that if you have neglected to provide yourself with a bottle of Dr. Hand's Cough and Croup Medicine you fully realize how careless and neglectful you have been. It is worth its weight in gold at that critical moment. And yet it costs only 25c a bottle at any drug store.

Excursions to Mexico via Pennsylvania Lines, January 19th and February 27th.

Under escort of American Tourist Association, Reau Campbell, General Manager. Sleeping and dining cars and special baggage cars through all the tour without change. More miles and days in Mexico, more cities and towns than ever offered. Tickets include all expenses, sleeping and dining cars, hotels, etc. For information apply to F. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pennsylvania Lines, Pittsburgh, Pa.

S. F. Fritz, of 677 Sedgwick street, Chicago, says: "I had a severe cough which settled on my lungs. I tried a number of advertised remedies and also placed myself under treatment of several physicians, with no benefit. I was recommended to try Foley's Honey and Tar. With little expectation of getting relief, I purchased a bottle. I had taken but few doses when I felt greatly improved; I was enabled to sleep, spitting of blood ceased, and by the time I had taken the second bottle I was entirely well. It saved my life." H. F. Vortkamp n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Buy Wood To-Day

To-morrow the gas line may break and cold meals be your portion. As a preventive, ...

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PUT WOOD IN THY CELLAR!

WILL HAVE PLENTY OF IT FOR EVERYBODY.

THE SOUTH LIMA HANDLE WORKS.

Cor. Kibby and Tanner Streets. Telephone 91.

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All the local and general news of the day, concisely and accurately told. We publish

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Ten cents a week by carrier.

MODERN METHODS

Cures the Effect of LaGrippe Through the Nerves—A Medicine that Never Fails,

Dr. WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER

The debilitating effect of La Grippe has probably killed more people than any other class [illegible] Our country is to-day [illegible] of such physical wrecks. La Grippe leaves its deadly poison in the system to cut short and torture life. Like many other forms of nervous [illegible] science has been unable to cope with the evil until the introduction of Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer, which strengthens every [illegible] the body and enables [illegible] to drive out their tormentors. Mrs. [illegible] Jordon, Ferry, Mich., was cured [illegible] She writes

"I [illegible] worse after I recovered from [illegible] I was prostrated. My heart was [illegible] seriously effected, but the trouble [illegible] all over me, for some reason the doctors [illegible] finally I [illegible] bottle of your Vitalizer. The [illegible] it soon stopped the heart [illegible] and I improved, after using [illegible] my house work [illegible] I recommended it to Mrs. Lemuel Walton, who was [illegible] from [illegible] She had [illegible] out of her mind. Your Nerve Vitalizer had a wonderful [illegible] curing her in a very short time. [illegible] intend to [illegible] notice." Signed Mrs. [illegible] Jordon.

Sold by C W Heister, 58 Public Square

LOCAL TIME CARD

Giving time of departure of trains from the various depots at Lima. Corrected June 22, 1896.

P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.

No. 4—Going East	Daily		7 45 a m
" 38—	"		8 30 a m
" 30—	"	ex Sunday	3 15 p m
" 6—	"		9 30 p m
" 8—	"	Limited	10 50 p m
" 39—Going West	"	ex Sunday	9 20 a m
" 9—	"		2 50 p m
" 31—	"		3 44 p m
" 15—	"		3 00 a m
" 51	"	Limited	3 33 a m

C., H. & D. R. R.

" 7—Going South,	daily		2 26 a m
" 11—	"	ex. Sunday	5 45 a m
" 1—	"	"	9 20 a m
" 5—	"		12 48 p m
" 3—	"		4 05 p m
" 13—	"arrive	daily ex Sunday	7 15 p m
" 61—	"	Sunday only	7 15 a m
No. 12—Going North,	daily		1 35 a m
" 14—	"	daily ex Sunday	6 20 a m
" 2—	"	daily ex Sunday	8 25 a m
" 6—	"		12 2? p m
" 4—	"	ex Sunday	4 35 p m
" 10—	"	ex Sun arrive	8 50 p m
" 60—	"	Sunday only	7 45 a m
" 62—	"	" arrive	10 30 p m

L. E. & W. R. R.

No. 6—Going East,	daily ex Sunday		7 20 a m
" 4—	"	"	1 40 p m
" 8—	"	"	7 30 p m
	"	Sunday only	7 00 a m
	Return		9 30 p m
" 1—	" West	"	9 35 a m
" 5—	"	"	4 50 p m
" 3—	"	"	3 45 a m

C. & E. R. R.

Local—Going East,	daily ex. Sunday		7 00 a m
No 2—	"	"	3 40 p m
" 8—	"	"	9 08 p m
" 12—	"	"	2 46 a m
Local—	" West,	"	7 00 a m
No. 1—	"	"	9 23 a m
" 5—	"	"	11 23 a m
" 3—	"	"	12 37 p m
" 13	"	" Monday	5 30 p m

OHIO SOUTHERN

Leaves south		Arrives north
No 3 8 20 a m	Daily, ex Sunday	No 2, 11 25 a m
No 4 5 05 p m	" "	No. 1 3 30 p m

LIMA NORTHERN.

GOING NORTH.

No 2—Express, leaves	11 30 a m
No 18—Local "	9 00 a m
No 20—Mixed "	6 20 a m
No 4—Passenger "	5 10 p m

GOING SOUTH.

No 1—Express, arrives	2 25 p m
No 21—Mixed, "	11 00 a m
No 19—Local fr't, "	6 00 p m
No 3—Passenger "	8 00 p m

Amusements

At the Faurot Opera House, two nights, commencing Friday, January 22nd, will be presented the beautiful domestic drama "In Mizzoura," by Augustus Thomas, a thoroughly American play by an American author. The story is a true one, woven about the great express robbery that happened some ten years ago on a train going from St Louis to Kansas City. The characters are taken from life, and drawn in Mr. Thomas' own clear and masterly way.

Jim Radburn, the sheriff of Pike county, is, of course, the central one, and the brave, honest-hearted man, with his story of love and sacrifice, wins the sympathy of all. It is a powerful character successfully pictured. Then the big hearted Joe Vernon—gigantic and muscular—a heart as big as his body and simple as a child's. "Mah" Vernon, always working and "worritin" but always doing good withal; bluff, blustery Bollinger, lawyer and politician; Dave, the country lout, honest, awkward and earnest, always hard at work and always bemoaning his fate that he cannot "git a stiddy job." Slow going, happy-go-lucky 'Lizabeth, with no ambition in life except that Dave should "git the steady job," then they would get married, which would settle things for all time for them both, and other characters which Mr Thomas has drawn so clear cut in his delightful play that you remember having seen them in real life, and wonder why such quaint characterizations had not been brought forward before.

Farmer Wanted,

In every township, 3 days a week during winter, to distribute samples, collect names of sick people and work up trade for their druggists on the three great family remedies: Dr. Kay's Renovator, Dr. Kay's Lung Balm and Kidneykura. Good pay to man or woman. Send for booklet and terms. Dr B. J Kay Medical Co., Western office, Omaha, Neb.

Yes, 'tis true;
Foley's Honey and Tar
Is the best Cough Medicine.
H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

STREET TALK

An army surgeon says that the expression of the faces of soldiers killed in battle reveal the cause of death. Those who have perished from sword or bayonet wounds wear a look of repose, while there is an expression of pain on the countenances of those slain by bullets. Nothing is said of those who have their heads shot off by a cannon ball.

It has been recently proposed that there be a Congress of Jews who have intermarried with Gentiles that the advantage of such intermarriages may be set forth in a fitting manner. During the recent convention of Jewish women in New York one able delegate very earnestly advocated such intermarriage.

Two young men at Columbus, Ohio, advertised that on receipt of one dollar they would mail "a certain book which all sports ought to be in possession of." The dollars came rolling in and they sent each sucker a small edition of the new testament. But Uncle Sam calls it fraudulent use of the mails and is going to make them trouble.

Ohio has 3,198,239 people and 39,-864 square miles, Pennsylvania 4,-280,786 people and 46,000 square miles, the island of Cuba 583,408 people and 49,094 square miles.

A counterfeit ten-dollar note on the Union National Bank of Detroit, Mich., is in circulation. The back of the note is printed upside down.

When a boy begins to experiment on how close he can skate to a hole in the ice it is time for the family to begin to overhaul their black clothes.

A commercial traveler who was taking a vacation with his uncle in the country, says the Sauk Center, Minnesota, *Avalanche*, was suddenly called upon to ask the blessing, and not being accustomed to it promptly tackled the difficulty in the following words: "We acknowledge receipt of your favor of this date. Allow us to express our gratitude for the expression of good will. Trusting our house may merit your confidence, and that we may have many good orders from you this fall, we are yours truly."

The amount given in this state last year for charity in infirmaries, soldiers' relief and outside, is upwards of $1,750,000. In sixty-four counties the aggregate number of persons relieved was 62,552.

Attorney General Monnett will institute suits in each of the 88 counties of the state to force the payment of taxes due from the Western Union Telegraph company under the Nichols law.

One thing is certain. It will not do to fool with a bad cold. No one can tell what the end will be. Pneumonia, catarrh, chronic bronchitis, if not consumption, invariably result from a neglected cold. It is surprising, too, that bad colds are so often neglected when one remembers how easily and at what little expense they may be cured. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is always prompt and effectual, and costs but a trifle; 25 or 50 cents is a trifle as compared with the disastrous effects of a neglected cold. Mr Abner Mercer, of Dilworthtown, Chester county, Pa., in speaking of this remedy, said "Sometime ago I had a bad cold and cough. I tried almost everything. Finally Mr Hunt, the druggist, recommended Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and one 50 cent bottle of it cured me entirely." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner: C W Heister, 58 public square.

WORTH SEEING.

Inauguration of President McKinley

The crowd at Washington will be great, the ceremonies grand. Leading men of all parties will be there. You can enjoy the sights at slight cost by buying an excursion ticket over the Pennsylvania Lines, on sale March 1st, 2d and 3d. For particulars address nearest Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agent, or C. L Kimball, A. G. P Agt, Cleveland, O.

B H OYLER, Tkt Agt.,
Lima, O.

England's Largest Orchard.

The largest orchard in Great Britain is at Tottington, in the county of Gloucester. It is 500 acres in extent and in some seasons yields its owner, Lord Sudley, a profit of $50,000. The trees are chiefly apples and plums.

The verbena is indicative of sensibility. This plant is said by some naturalists to display almost animate reason in choosing its habitat.

From New York to Apia, via San Francisco, requires 28 days.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price, 50 cents and $1 per bottle at H. F Vortkamp's drug store, northeast corner Main and North streets.

The fat undertaker,
Who plants by the acre
Poor victims of cough and cold,
Is sighing and crying
For we've all stopped dying
Since Brazilian Balm was sold
And for those who desire
Not just yet to go higher
It is worth its weight in gold.

A SOURCE OF SURPRISE

To Physician and Patient Alike.

Dr. Redmond, a specialist in the study and treatment of Piles and rectal diseases, recently stated that the Pyramid Pile Cure, the new discovery for the cure of piles, was the most remarkable remedy he had ever seen or tried in one respect, and that was the instant relief experienced in all cases, no matter how severe, from the moment the remedy was applied, this was the more surprising to him, because he had carefully analyzed the preparation and no trace of opium, cocaine or similar poison could be detected.

Physicians look with great favor upon the Pyramid Pile Cure, because it is rapidly taking the place of surgical operations and because it is so simple, so easily applied and contains no minerals or other poisons so commonly used in pile cures.

Dr. Esterbrook reports that the Pyramid Pile Cure not only cures the various forms of piles, but never fails to give *immediate* relief on the first application, no matter how severe the pain or discomfort may be.

People who have suffered from piles for years are often astonished at the instant relief experienced from the first application. Another important advantage is the fact that anyone can use the remedy without detention from business or interference with daily occupation.

Mr. J. W. Rollins, of Sweet Springs, Mo., writes: I consider the Pyramid Pile Cure without an equal; it cured me in less than 30 days. I waited 15 days or more to be sure I was fully cured before writing you, I *am cured* and I shall recommend the Pyramid Pile Cure at every possible opportunity, because it *deserves it*.

Although a comparatively new remedy, its popularity is such that all druggists now sell it, if your druggist hasn't it in stock, he will get it for you if you ask him, as all wholesale druggists have it on sale.

A pamphlet describing the cause and cure of piles sent free by addressing the Pyramid Co., Albion, Mich.

NOT IN THE FARE,

But in the Train Service,

Is where you'll find the difference if you go to the Inauguration over the Pennsylvania Short Lines. Low rate tickets on sale March 1st, 2d and 3d. For details apply to nearest Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agent, or address C L Kimball, A G P. Agt., Cleveland, O.

B. H. OYLER, Tkt. Agt.,
Lima, O

Another Good Man Gone Wrong.

He failed to use Foley's Kidney Cure for his kidney complaint. H F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

An Arctic Christmas.

The crew of an arctic explorer had great pleasure, one Christmas amid the ice and snow, in teaching the little Eskimo children how to observe an American Christmas. The queer little tots had never heard of a Christmas tree, and Santa Claus was an unknown personage. The sailors were desperately homesick, until one of them, with little ones of his own, happened to think of a Christmas tree for the little, chubby Eskimos, with their round heads and soft, dark eyes.

A real, live, green tree was, of course, out of the question in that icy region, so the men gathered up the bones of slaughtered walruses, bears, whales and other creatures and tied them together so that they branched out in every direction.

When it came to candy, they could not get that, either, but instead they made balls of whale blubber, or fat, of which the little fur wrapped Eskimo is extremely fond, and these queer substitutes for caramels were tied on the "tree" with colored cord. Bright beads, shining buttons, some brass headed tacks and a few other such remarkable "presents" were also tied on, and then bits of lighted candles were stuck all about, giving quite a festive air to the queerest Christmas tree that was probably ever seen. But the Eskimo children enjoyed it to a wonderful degree, and the homesick sailors grew bright and cheerful in giving them such a novel pleasure.—New York Tribune.

Koran Arabic.

The Arabic used in the Koran differs as much from the Arabic used in ordinary conversation and intercourse in the east as the Latin differs from the Italian. The Koran Arabic is that of the literary classes, the colloquial Arabic that of the common people.

The Scientific Mind.

At the Vagabonds' dinner Sir John Robinson said he remembered in 1870, when the air was full of war and the news intelligence thrilling, he met a man of science who asked, "My dear fellow, when are you going to give us something of interest in the papers—something about sun spots?" This was not a scientific joke, Sir John assured his audience, but an actual symptom of that man's mental condition.—Westminster Gazette.

Mud wasps manifest great ingenuity not only in building their nests, but in placing them in localities where they will not be injured by rain or predacious animals.

The impurities in the blood which cause scrofulous eruptions are thoroughly eradicated by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it.

"I was troubled with that dreadful disease called dropsy; swollen from head to foot. Burdock Blood Bitters has completely cured me. It is a most wonderful medicine." Joseph Herick, Linwood, Ont.

Why Suffer with Dyspepsia?

Chas Broome, 850 South Second St., Philadelphia, says "It took only two months for Brazilian Balm to cure me of dyspepsia with which I suffered over 30 years. Now I have no pain or stomach cough, and can eat anything. Brazilian Balm beats the world."

TELLER TALKS.

He Criticises the Selection of Sherman For the Cabinet.

Denver, Jan 21.—United States Senator Henry M Teller arrived in Denver and spent the morning receiving congratulations from his friends on his re-election. Among those tendering congratulations were many of his most bitter political opponents of a few years ago. About noon he was escorted to the state capitol where he received a tremendous ovation.

Senator Teller made a speech. Mr. Teller severely criticised the selection of Senator Sherman for secretary of state, saying "Sherman has absolutely no knowledge of foreign affairs and [illegible] the president [illegible]"

The First Marriage License.

[illegible] George M Woodbridge has found among his old papers the first record of marriage licenses kept in the Northwest territory, and knowing [illegible] is nearly spent he has presented [illegible] to the county. It shows that the first license issued west of the Alleghenies was to John White and Priscilla Devoll. There were probably earlier marriages, but no licenses were issued before Oct. 12, 1789.

Athletic Arrangements For Yale.

New Haven, Jan 21.—Announcement is made that Yale will go ahead regardless of Harvard and make what athletic arrangements she can for the coming year with other colleges. The chief difficulty in such arrangements is the boating matter, and this is regarded as so important that a conference of Yale graduates is to be held to outline a boating policy of Yale with Harvard left out.

Inspectors Meet.

Washington, Jan 21.—At the annual meeting of the United States inspectors of steam vessels began here representatives of the International Navigation company and the Netherlands American steamship line asked for modifications of the existing rules as to the number of life boats required on modern steam vessels.

Railroad Company Sued.

Warren, O, Jan 21.—John Beach has sued the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad company for $2,000 damages. He alleges that he was ejected from a train between Youngstown and Latimer after having purchased a ticket to the latter point, which ticket he claims was taken up by the conductor.

To Reduce the Fees.

Washington, Jan 21.—A bill was passed in the house to amend the laws relating to the general land office so as to reduce the fees to be charged for taking testimony from 15 to 10 cents per 100 words and to withdraw the privilege of excess fees now allowed at land offices west of the Rocky Mountains.

Olney Explained the Treaty.

Washington, Jan 21.—The senate committee on foreign relations had under consideration the general arbitration convention between the United States and Great Britain. Secretary Olney was before the committee during the session to explain the provisions of the treaty.

Kyle Is In the Lead.

Pierre, S. D., Jan 21.—In the first joint ballot there was no senatorial choice. P[illegible] held his party vote. The Populist candidates [illegible] for position. Kyle was in the lead.

Mullinger Elected.

Concord, N. H., Jan 21.—In the legislature Jacob H Mullinger was formally elected United States senator for a term of six years beginning March 4 next.

MARKET REPORTS

Grain and Stock Quotations For Jan 20

New York

Beef—[illegible] 10 00, extra mess $7 50 [illegible] 00. Cut meats—pickled bellies 4@4½c, pickled shoulders [illegible] pickled hams 8½@9c. Lard—Western steam $4 25. Pork Old mess $8 50 @9 00, family $10 50@11 00, clear $8 75@ 10 00.

Butter—Western dairy 8@13c, creamery 13@20c, do factory 7@12c. Cheese—State large [illegible] small 7½@10½c, part skims [illegible]@7c, full skims 2½@3c. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 18@20c, western fresh 14@18c.

Wheat [illegible] Corn—28¾c. Rye—40@41c. Oats—22¼c.

Buffalo.

Cattle—Best heavy steers, $5 00@5 1[illegible], good choice shippers $4 60@4 90, light to medium $4 25@4 60, half fat to good butchers $3 80@4 [illegible], good to prime fat heifers $4 00@4 3[illegible], good to prime fat cows $3 [illegible] 3 7[illegible], mixed butchers stock, $2 55@4 75, good butchers bulls $3 25@3 50, good stockers [illegible] 60, feeders, $[illegible] 75@4 00, veals, $4 [illegible]

Hogs Yorkers $3 70, pigs $3 75, medium and heavy $[illegible] 55.

Sheep and Lambs Top lambs, $5 10@5 25, sheep good to choice, $3 60@3 75, fair to good $3 25@3 [illegible], culls and common $2 00@ 3 10, export ewes $3 50@3 65, wethers $3 [illegible] @4 00.

Pittsburg

Cattle—Prime $4 75@4 90, good, $4 40@ 4 60, tidy $4 20@4 40, fair $3 50@4 10, common $[illegible] 75, feeders $3 00@4 [illegible], bulls, stags [illegible] $2 00@2 70.

Hogs Prime light and best medium $3 [illegible] [illegible] $3 60 [illegible] heavy $3 10@3 55, roughs $2 25@3 10.

Sheep Prime $3 [illegible]@4 00, good $3 65@ 3 [illegible] culls and common $1 70@2 75, [illegible] lambs $4 90@5 10, common to good $3 [illegible] veal calves $6 50 @7 00.

Chicago.

Hogs Light $[illegible] mixed $3 30@ 3 [illegible] [illegible] cows and heifers $1 75@4 15, Texas steers $[illegible]@4 25, stockers and feeders $[illegible]

Sheep Steady.

Wheat 77¾c. Corn 22¾c. Oats—15¾c. Rye [illegible]

Cincinnati.

Wheat No 2 red 92@92½. Corn—No 2 mixed 22[illegible] No 2 mixed 18¾c. Rye —No 2 [illegible]

Lard $3 75. Bulk meats $4 12@4 75. Bacon $[illegible] 00.

Hogs $2 75@3 50. Cattle $2 [illegible]@4 [illegible]. Sheep $2 25@3 75. Lambs $3 7[illegible]@5 10.

Toledo

Wheat—94½c. Corn May, [illegible]. Cloverseed—$5 30.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Lima Times-Democrat

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN LIMA.

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OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima O

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUB'G. CO

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is published every evening (except Sunday) and will be delivered at your supper table each evening upon the following terms:

One copy one year, in advance.....$5.00
Six months, in advance.....2.50
By carrier, per week.....10 cents

Subscription collections made weekly. Our collector will call each week unless some special arrangement be made with him. All subscription accounts must be paid promptly.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every postoffice in Allen county. THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing list attests its superiority over all competitors.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT—The Semi-Weekly edition issued by the TIMES DEMOCRAT COMPANY, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains 56 columns of choice literary, editorial, news and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the county. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

All foreign subscription must be paid in advance.

Subscriptions not paid in advance will be charged for at the rate of $1.50 per year.

Address all communications to

TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUB. CO.
LIMA, Ohio.



Every taxpayer in Lima should attend the railroad meeting at the court house this evening.

The future of Lima depends on the retention of the C., H & D. shops in Lima, for the loss in population attendant upon their removal could not be recovered in years.

Let not any man in Lima be deluded with the idea that the C, H. & D. shops will remain in the city whether the $33,000 fund is raised or not. Such is not the case. It is a matter of the raising of the money or removal of the shops to some point more advantageous to the C., H. & D. company.

Our people can rest assured of one fact in connection with the C, H. & D. shop matter—they will not be rebuilt in Lima unless the $33,000 asked by the company is paid to them. The amount is not much—only equaling about the amount spent each month in the city by the employes of the road who reside here—and it should be subscribed at to-night's meeting.

If the C, H. & D. shops are removed from Lima, this city will no longer be a division point on the road, but will become merely a station at which passengers and freight will be received. At present it is the end of a division and many of the trainmen reside here. But let it cease to be a division point and these same trainmen will remove from here to the end of a division, in order that they may give proper attention to their work. At present the runs are from here to Cincinnati for the long run and from here to Toledo and return for the short run. Let Lima be deprived of its character as a division point and this would be reversed and the runs would be from Dayton to Cincinnati and return for the short run, and from Dayton to Toledo for the long run. Lima would be a passenger and freight station as Cairo, Sidney and other towns, and the trainmen whom we class as amongst our very best citizens, would leave the town and become citizens of Toledo, Dayton and Cincinnati Keep the shops here and avoid the possibility of such calamity.

A company of fifty-four men have started from Marietta to join the Cuban insurgents in their battle for independence.

If five hundred men now employed in this city remove from it with their families because their work has been removed to another city it means a loss of at least 2,500 people from Lima.

Another Lynn, Massachusetts, shoe manufactory has succumbed to the "confidence" disease. The owner of the plant, Mr. Charles Rumsey, expected business to improve after the election of McKinley. It failed to improve and he failed in business.

The merchants of Lima would lose a volume of business approximating a quarter of a million of dollars a year should the C., H. & D shops remove from Lima. Can they afford it? If they feel they cannot they should attend the meeting to-night and indicate how much they are willing to pay the C., H. & D. people to rebuild them here.

The Foraker people swear by all that is good that Marcus Aurelius Hanna must not and shall not be senator to succeed John Sherman. The adherents of Fire Alarm are determined that some member of their crowd shall wear the Sherman toga. There will be a merry war among the elite of the Republican party before this senatorial muss is over.

Lima has enough wealthy men who are large owners of renting business property in this city to subscribe the $33,000 asked for the rebuilding of the C. H. & D. shops here, and make the amount up in five years by the renting of rooms that are now vacant or only bringing a nominal rental. Let 2500 people remove from Lima and some of our business men will remove also, and that will throw more empty business rooms upon the market and reduce the rental received for those that are occupied.

It is an open secret that for ten years the C., H. & D. people have felt that they have not had room enough in the Lima shops to properly care for the business brought to them, and have looked upon a neighboring city as affording great advantages over Lima, where they have been unable to secure additional territory upon which to enlarge their plant. The time has now come when they must enlarge and rebuild. If the people of Lima want the shops here they may have them by subscribing and paying $33,000, a small sum in consideration of the advantage which the enlarged shops will be to the city.

THE TRUE REASON

Why Bryan Suddenly Terminated His Lecture Tour.

The *Journal* can give with positive authority the actual facts in connection with William J. Bryan's lecture tour contract.

Although the first and last lecture at De Give's opera house, in Atlanta, brought receipts amounting to $2,300, Mr. Bryan was induced to cancel his contract by the actions of his managers, who insisted on making a hippodrome of his appearances. Rather than depart from the dignified position he maintained throughout the campaign, he decided to return to his home in Lincoln.

Mr. Bryan was led to believe from the very start that his tour was to have been of the most nonsensational. He understood that he was to be taken strictly on his merits, and the most formal and modest method of billing was to be used in announcing his coming Instead of this, he was confronted in Atlanta with huge posters struck indiscriminately throughout the city and picturing him in a most vulgar and distasteful manner. One bill showed him in lithograph standing beside Jackson, Jefferson, Lincoln and Washington. This particular bill was most obnoxious to the defeated candidate and most inimical to his sense of judgment He was so disheartened at the coarse display that he was tempted to refuse to enter the opera house Kindly consideration for the enthusiastic audience booked for the house only deterred him from refusal.

However, when he went upon the stage, he had fully determined to speak no more under the contract he had made. He announced himself to his managers, Roache and Comstock, next day.

It had come to Mr. Bryan's ears previous to his entry into Atlanta that Roache and Comstock had quarreled in an ugly manner over the notoriety that each was to get out of his affiliation with him. This he was willing to pass over, as it had not then become public, but the vulgar display of posters, and the wording of the advertisement offended him to the soul.

Mr. Bryan had the close advice of friends before he shut off his tour after the lecture in Atlanta, and they agreed with him that he would be wise to discountenance any such outrageous sensationalism. Mr. Bryan promptly gave Mr McBee a certified check for the $1,000 he had received. He was paid $1,000 for his night's work and his railroad expenses

Far from being compelled to quit on account of discouragement in respect to audiences, Mr. Bryan had every reason to believe that the tour would have been a great financial success. He valued his dignity and standing too highly to submit to vaudeville advertisement.—*New York Journal.*

General Coxey is nothing if not in trouble and had rather be notorious in prominence than celebrated in retirement. He therefore will be gratified by the following paragraph concerning him which appeared in the New York *Sun* of Tuesday:

Some malicious persons are amusing themselves by dwelling with ungodly glee upon the fact that while Prof. Coxey, the pedestrian economist of Massillon, Ohio, was busy at St. Louis, founding a new party, writing a letter to the people of the United States, and transacting other important business, some quarrymen who have had the honor of working for him have struck on the illegal ground that for some weeks they had got no pay. These workmen are entirely unworthy of being in the service of a friend of humanity. What do they want of wages when they can have the invaluable words of Prof. Coxey? Why don't they pay themselves in his non-interest bearing goods? It is sad to see a lofty-domed thinker bothered with trivial questions.

A BLIND STUDENT.

Attainments That Seem Hardly Possible to One Without Sight.

The career of James P. Hamilton, a blind student at the University of Michigan, is in many respects a remarkable one. At an early age, through an accident, the sight of both of his eyes was destroyed, and since then he has fought a successful battle in life against great odds. He is the son of the Rev. James Hamilton of Grand Rapids. He was born at Big Rapids, in the same state, Oct. 19, 1872. When 3 years old, he fell and struck the points of a pair of shears into one eye, and from sympathetic affection and poor treatment he lost the sight of both eyes. When he was about 10 years old, he entered the Michigan School For the Blind at Lansing and remained there until he was graduated in the literary course. He also learned the trades of broommaking and piano tuning. He then made a trip to Europe, paying his own way by money earned at piano tuning. While in Europe he studied both French and German, and now he is able to speak these languages fluently. He traveled over the most interesting portions of the old world, and he says the trip was very beneficial in many ways.

On his return from the trip abroad he entered Albion college, and from there he entered the university at Ann Arbor, where he expects to take the classical course. In the summer of 1895 he was married, and he and his wife spent the year in Italy and Greece in study. In Greece especially he was an object of great interest. In that country the blind do nothing but beg, and nothing more is expected of them. And Mr. Hamilton, with his attainments, was much admired.

He and his wife were invited to dine with numerous members of the nobility and were finally sent for by the queen. Mr. Hamilton is not only an expert piano tuner, but is a musician of merit and has testimonials from the leading conservatories of America and the old world. Every lecture that he attends he takes notes of the subject, and his mind is so trained that he can remember an ordinary lecture of an hour's length so as to reproduce it from his notes upon returning home. He writes with the Braille system. With this he writes about 20 words a minute, while on the typewriter for ordinary correspondence he writes from 70 to 80 words a minute.

He is also an athlete and holds seven first prize medals for catch as catch can wrestling. He has never been beaten in fact at wrestling unless he went out of his class. He won the state championship when the intercollegiate meet was held at Ypsilanti. — Chicago Inter Ocean.

Brazil's Jungles.

The jungles of Central America and Brazil are masses of vegetation so dense that it is practically impossible to penetrate them. Swain and his party, when crossing the isthmus of Darien, labored hard with their hatchets and machetes the whole of one day and achieved but half a mile. In many parts of Central America the undergrowth renews itself so rapidly that it is almost impossible to keep a road open through it. In one instance, in Honduras, a road 16 feet wide was made by engineers and laborers through a jungle, the underbrush and vines being cut away even with the ground. Two weeks later, returning to complete the work by laying stones on the roadbed, they could not find the road, the vines having completely filled the vacant space.

What the Railroads Earned.

The gross income of the railroads of the United States for the year ending June 30, 1895, was $1,075,000,000, an increase of $2,000,000 over the previous year. The net income was $350,000,000, an increase of over $7,000,000, and the dividends declared amounted to $56,000,000, or about 1.1 per cent on the capital stock.

PROFIT NOT IN IT!

We Will Do Business for Thirty Days

For Nothing and Pay Our Own Expenses.

WE HAVE

No Bankrupt Sale,
No Fire or Smoke Sale;
No Moving Sale.
No 1-4 Off Sale.
No Chestnut Sale of Any Kind!

The pure, simple, cold facts are, that we have taken stock and concluded to dispense with some lines that we are carrying, or rather replace them with a different line.

One of these in gents' fine goods is the well known line of Lilly, Brackett & Co. manufacture. They consist of Vicis, Enamel, Cordovan and Calf. We will part with these goods for less than cost.

In ladies' goods we have a line of Eddy & Webster's manufacture, of Rochester. N. Y., on which we will give you a sweeping reduction.

We have an accumulation of small sizes, 2½, 3 and 3½, that will go at half their cost value.

We will give you a big discount on any shoe in the house, but we desire most to clear our stock of odd sizes and single pairs and here is where the knife will be plunged the deepest.

All of our warm lined goods at cost and less than cost.

Remember that our profits for the next 30 days are as an empty bubble and we must insist that these goods at these prices cannot go on paper.

Remember that the sledge hammer falls like a towering avalanche in all departments of our store We except nothing but rubber goods. They are now at prices that is just like trading dollars.

Remember that what the magnet is to steel, our prices are to our goods.

Men's Boots, Men's Shoes, Ladies' Shoes, Boys', Misses' and Children's Shoes, Leggings, Overgaiters. Everything in every nook and corner will be pleasingly touched with the pencil in the hands of the mark-down artist.

We have two objects in view: First—To prepare our stock for spring. Second—CASH, READY CASH.

Do your buying now at

THE WAUGH SHOE STORE,

31 PUBLIC SQUARE.

And you'll have no cause for regrets.

BORN UNLUCKY.

What He Has Suffered and What He Thinks He Has to Fear.

"Were you in the war?" inquired the young hero worshiper of a secret society guard in this city as the scarred and gray haired veteran of a long life painfully hobbled across the floor of the anteroom.

"No," he sighed, "but I couldn't have been more injured if I had been," said he, rubbing one of his legs tenderly as he spoke.

"What was the trouble?" persisted the young man sympathizingly.

"Trouble! It's been nothing but trouble since I came on earth," sadly replied the afflicted one. "I was born unlucky. I am a living picture of bad luck, and the more I think of my misfortunes the more forcibly I am reminded of that passage in the good book which says that the sins of the father shall be visited upon the children to the third and four generation. My father was a good man, and so was his father, but I am convinced that I must have had a pirate for one of my ancestors and that I am visited with all his sins."

"Is it possible!" commented the young man.

"Yes, my bad luck began when I was born," for my mother died then. When I was but 2 weeks old, the house took fire and I was nearly suffocated and cremated. Before I was 3 years old a servant dropped me to the sidewalk, and I had brain fever as a result; I fell down stairs and broke my collar bone, and I got lost and was found by a policeman half perished in an ash heap." The victim of misfortune sighed deeply over these incidents in his career and rubbed his paralyzed hand. Continuing, he said:

"I was but 4 years old when a playmate cut off the ends of three of my fingers with an ax, and two years later I had measles, whooping cough, chicken pox and scarlet fever. When I was 8, I fell from a cherry tree and broke a leg, and as soon as that got well I was knocked down and trampled over by a runaway horse. That kept me in bed a long time, and my nose has been crooked ever since.

"When I was 10 years old, I was the only boy in school who got licked and kicked by bigger boys every day, and a year later I was the only one in the town who had cholera. When I was 15, I went to a circus, and the tent blew down. I was the only person who was stepped upon or hurt, and the entire audience walked over me. It was three months before I recovered from that affair, and six months later I fell through the ice while skating and was pulled out half drowned. A year later, while rabbit shooting, a friend shot me in the hip, and I have never fully recovered from it. The next summer lightning struck a tree I was standing beneath, and I was picked up for dead. When I was 25, I again fell through the ice, and the wetting gave me pneumonia and left my lungs weak. Soon after I got well I caught cold, which nearly resulted in consumption. The following year rheumatism attacked me, and at times I cannot use my left arm and leg, and my last misfortune was to receive a paralytic stroke, which has rendered my right side from the top of my head to my foot absolutely useless, as you have observed when I hobble about.

"I suppose," he said, with a world of pathos in his sad voice, "that some day I'll sit on a barrel of dynamite which will explode, and then my troubles will be ended."—Washington Post.

Coke and Cole.

Senator Coke of Texas was once pitted in some kind of race against a man named Cole, who was an eloquent speaker and was getting rather the better of him. The Coke party gave a big barbecue, but their best speaker could not be on hand. The committee discovered that no talent was available except a rough and tumble fellow who had been a coal miner in West Virginia. He consented, when called on, and the committee was in fear and trembling, wondering what he would do. But they didn't fear and tremble long. "Feller citizens," said the speaker, "I am here today to talk to you about Coke and Cole. You know me, and you know I know what I'm talking about, and I want to ask you if you know the difference between Coke and Cole. But it ain't necessary; every man of you knows that the difference between them is the gas that is in the Cole."—San Francisco Argonaut.

India Dialects.

India has hundreds of dialects, which may all be classed under three great heads, the Sanscrit, Pracrit and Magadhi. The Sanscrit is the fundamental language and that of the Vedas; the Pracrit, the vernacular language in many dialects, and the Magadhi or Misra is that of Ceylon and the islands.

For over 400 years every Parthian king bore the name of Arsaces in addition to his own.

Too Much In a Name.

"There it is again," groaned Chumpley. "This time he's arrested for blowing a safe. That fellow's making life a long and dismal nightmare for me."

"What is it this time?"

"Same as it's been half a dozen other times—R. H. Chumpley caught in another desperate crime; my name, my initials. I'll bet there are thousands of people using that man's record in making up mine. Every once in awhile I pick up a paper to read that I've whipped my wife, though I never had such an article; raised a check, beaten a hotel, stolen a bicycle or committed a burglary."

"But no one will suspect you."

"They won't? I have a barrel of letters referring to the matter. Ministers labor with me, lawyers offer to defend me, women roast me to a turn and crooks want to enter into partnership with me. I have had some of the worst pugs you ever saw call upon me with a view to doing business."

"It doesn't seem possible."

"I tell you it's right. The thing's making me desperate. I've always led a respectable life, and to have this bugbear bobbing up continually is enough to drive a man crazy."

"I believe it's providential, Chumpley. I wouldn't accept that name of yours if a crown went with it. It's just as suggestive as Greenhorn would be. Every one who hears it thinks of a chump. Have it changed and thank your lucky stars that some one else stole it."
—Detroit Free Press.

A Last Resort For Dinner.

For sheer originality in matters of food I commend the following directions, which one of the Parisian papers gave to its subscribers. The supplies were getting lower and lower in the Prussian girt city. Seine gudgeon would not bite, so the anglers took to the sewers. "Take a long, strong line and a large hook. Bait with tallow and gently agitate the rod. In a few minutes a rat will come and smell the savory morsel. It will be some time before he decides to swallow it, for his nature is cunning. When he does, leave him five minutes to meditate on it, then pull strongly and steadily. He will make convulsive jumps, but be calm and do not let his excitement gain on you. Draw him up, et voila votre diner."—London News.

A New Danger to Firemen.

At a recent fire in the basement of Chicago electric power house the firemen had great trouble in getting at the blaze. They had to chop holes in the floor of the dynamo room before they could get a stream on the blazing pile of waste. Not waiting for the dynamos to be shut down, they crept through the black smoke and turned a stream on the flames. In an instant they were flung to the ground with great violence, and the hose was sent flying into the air. A heavy current had passed along the stream and had shocked them. Though unconscious when rescued, they quickly recovered.—Electrical Review.

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Important Notice!



The only genuine "Baker's Chocolate," celebrated for more than a century as a delicious, nutritious, and flesh-forming beverage, is put up in Blue Wrappers and Yellow Labels. Be sure that the Yellow Label and our Trade-Mark are on every package.

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass



ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

WANTED.

LARGE HALL FOR RENT in the new Wheeler block. 0-6t

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Call at the Probate Judge's office or 838 north Elizabeth street. 2t5

FARM FOR RENT 200 acres, one half mile southeast of Cairo; 175 acres cleared. Good buildings—two dwellings, two barns. Plenty of water. Call or write W. J. FERGUSON, 8-6t 5 2t 138 east High street, Lima, O.

WANTED—Man to travel, look after and appoint agents. Good route; salary and expenses; reference; chance to advance; steady position, if satisfactory; addressed envelope for reply. Office No. 702 No 356 Dearborn street, Chicago.

AGENTS—Smart mechanics and others. The only practical and perfect working self-feeding drilling attachment for bit braces. Every mechanic in every trade needs it. Some good territory not yet taken. Write quick to secure it. A. L. SMITH & Co., 1305 Arch St., Philadelphia.

$18 a week paid to reliable lady or gentleman. Easy and pleasant work; short hours; no experience necessary; permanent position; no capital required. Holiday presents a specialty. Address SHEPP & CO., 1020 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

A Large Number of Friends Surprised Mrs. Will Dutcher.

Last Monday evening, Mrs. Will Dutcher, of south Pine street, was greatly surprised by sixty of her friends. The day was Mrs. Dutcher's birthday anniversary, and her husband and sister planned a social surprise for her. The party was delightfully entertained until a late hour, when supper was served, after which the friends left for their homes, wishing Mr. and Mrs. Dutcher a long and happy life.

One of the most remarkable cures of rheumatism on record is related by Mr. J. M. Thompson, postmaster at Decker's Point, Pa., as follows: "While out driving one day last winter I was caught in a cold rain. The next morning I was unable to move my head or arms, owing to an attack of inflammatory rheumatism. My clerk telephoned for a physician, but suggested that I use Chamberlain's Pain Balm, there being a bottle open on the counter. He rubbed the affected parts thoroughly with Pain Balm and built up a hot fire. I dozed off to sleep and when I awoke about half an hour later the pain had gone entirely, and I have not been troubled since. People come here from many miles around to buy Chamberlain's medicines." For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

ON TRIAL.

(Continued from Eighth Page.)

false entries on the certificate of deposit register with reference to $4,000 deposited by Mrs. W. W. Firestone; that when the certificate of deposit was issued it became a liability of the bank, and that Mr. Hughes marked "void" opposite the certificate of deposit on the book, thus reducing the liabilities of the bank $4,000; that a $25,000 draft of L. M. Swan, of New York, was marked paid on the books, reducing the liabilities of the bank $25,000, when, in fact, the draft had not been paid at that time, and that the certificate of deposit was not paid until 1895, after these discoveries were made. The prosecution further expects to show that drafts drawn upon the Monroe Manufacturing Co. were charged to the Ohio Valley or other banks on the remittance register; that the draft would be protested and returned, and Mr. Hughes would not credit accordingly.

The indictment returned by the United States grand jury against Mr. Hughes, contains in all sixteen separate counts. In four of these counts he is charged with misapplication of funds deposited in the bank and in the other twelve he is charged with having made false entries in the general statement to the comptroller and false entries in the certificate of deposit register. In the first four counts mentioned Mr. Hughes is charged with wilfully and wrongfully applying for himself, or others, the following amounts: $25 000; $50,000; $100,000, for the Monroe Manufacturing Co; and $75 000, and for loaning amounts largely in excess of the allowance of the statutes, to-wit: Ten per cent of the capital stock of the association.

At the request of the court District Attorney Dodge defined the framing of the indictment, after which court adjourned at 5:50 o'clock last evening until 9:30 o'clock this morning.

The case was not resumed until almost noon to-day. Attorney Brown made no preliminary statements, and witnesses for the Government were called and sworn. W. B. Richie, H. L. Brice, Frank Cunningham, William Melville, of Lima, and Dr Ewing, of Cairo, are witnesses. Defense objected to any testimony being introduced in either of the sixteen counts chiefly upon grounds that there was no allegation in indictment to the effect that the First National Bank was an association authorized to do business at the time of the alleged crimes, and that the same transactions were embodied in several different counts. He moved to require the district attorney to elect separate accounts upon which he would proceed. The district attorney offered the charter of the bank as evidence of authority, and the motion and objection were both overruled. At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon the first witness had not been called.

Have you earache, toothache, sore throat, pains or swellings of any sort? A few applications of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will bring relief almost instantly.

VAN WERT SWELLS

Spend All Their Money at the Cake Walk Last Night.

They Attempt to Beat a Ride on a P., Ft. W. & C. Freight and are Arrested

Last evening three colored "gemmen" of the elite society of Van Wert, came over from that city to attend "Fizzy" Cunningham's cake walk. They were attired in their swellest clothes, and arrived here safely on the through express. They attended the cake walk, and in attempting to impress themselves favorably upon the dark lassies of Lima, they had to spend their money freely for "hot weinerwurst" and lemonade. They succeeded in spending a pleasant evening, and were liberal in their expenditures, so that when they started for the depot to take a train back to Van Wert they found that they had no money, and believed that the Pennsylvania company would place little faith in "confidence" in return for mileage, so they decided to ride the bumpers of a freight train back to their homes. No sooner had they boarded the train than they were discovered by Detective Heir, who at once placed them under arrest, and early this morning brought them before Justice Mowen. The boys were sorry for their offense, pleaded guilty, and stated that they had employment at Van Wert, and would pay the fine if allowed to go. Mr. Mowen was lenient with them, and imposed a fine of $1 and costs, and trusted them for the payment. The boys then hunted up their friends and obtained the necessary amount of money to carry them to Van Wert.

Kremis, Mercer County, Pa. We believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be the best remedy in use. We use it in our own families, and it is a favorite among our customers. HECKER BROS & Co. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

To-morrow the Last Day!

To-morrow will be the last day of the great LINEN SALE. If you have not already taken advantage of the opportunities for saving money in the purchase of Linens offered by this sale, attend to it to-morrow. Tablecloths, Napkins, Towels, Sheets, Bedspreads, &c., are being sold at less than regular prices.

1t CARROLL & COONEY.

Y. M. C. A. Basket Ball — Scheduled Games Open.

Last evening after the regular class session the first scheduled game of basket ball transpired. Captains McLaughlin and Graham's teams played with intense competitive spirit. McLaughlin's team exhibited a scientific passing game, but failed to win the game, as his guards failed to make direct connections with opponents. Score: 8 to 3, favor Graham. Next Saturday evening at 8:45, the next senior games—Kelly and Ashton. Public are cordially invited to witness the games free of charge. The game will take no more than twenty minutes time. Spectators will be allowed in gymnasium at the above specified time.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge.

INAUGURATION EXCURSIONS

Via Pennsylvania Short Line.

Tickets on sale March 1st, 2d and 3d. Full particulars furnished upon application to nearest Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agent, or to C. L. Kimball, A. G. P. Agt., Cleveland, O.

B. H. OYLER, Tkt. Agt., Lima, O.

A Good Investment.

On receipt of ten cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate its great merit. Full size 50c.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

I suffered from Catarrh three years; got so bad I could not work; I used two bottles of Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well; I would not be without it. – A. C. Clarke, 341 Shawmut Ave., Boston.

Gunboat on a Minnesota Farm.

There was much excitement all over Renville County, Minn., the other day over the discovery of an old Spanish gunboat upon the farm of Charles Brown, near Bird island, and hundreds of people flocked to the place. Joseph Bagne struck the vessel while digging a well, and teams have completely uncovered it. Its armament comprised five cannon and two mortars. Cannon balls and bombshells were found in large numbers. The boat is a very old one, and there is much speculation as to how long it has been in the ground. The impression is that the boat was run up into this region about 1600, when a large proportion of the state was under water. The gunboat was found directly on Cooley creek, which at that time was no doubt a navigable river.

The Labor of getting 1095 Meals

confronts some one in every home each year. Whoever this work devolves upon should know about

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT



It's a labor-saver—a worry-saver. Without the long and wearying picking, chopping, boiling, seeding and mixing, a woman can quickly make mince pie, fruit pudding, or fruit cake that will be the delight of her household. Since None Such is sold everywhere there is no more need of making your own mince meat than of making your own yeast. Try one package—10 cents. Take no substitutes.

Send your address, naming this paper, & we will send you free a book, "Mrs. Pepkins' Thanksgiving," by one of the most popular humorous writers of the day.

MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N. Y.

SMALL FIRE

Last Evening in the Carriage Works at the Corner of Tanner and Market Streets.

The fire department was called out by a telephone message last evening, about 5:15 o'clock to extinguish a small fire in the building occupied by the Beelman & Bowers carriage works at the corner of Market and Tanner streets. It was not necessary for the department to throw any water, as one of the employes in the shop extinguished the fire with a bucket of water. The damage was very small.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. North and Main sts., Lima.

An Episode of "In Mizzoura."

There is a little village away out in Missouri, just a flag station, and just across the track from the depot is a blacksmith shop that has been "thar" ever since the town was located. The blacksmith is one that went out west to grow up with the country—he grew up with it and is possibly content, as he has all that his simple wants call for or need. His children have grown up, drifted away to do for themselves, often visiting the old home, and the father and mother are living all the old hopes over again in their children, so what more is there in life? About six months ago I was passing through the village, and having an eye to the forthcoming production of "In Mizzoura," looking out of the car window, I saw the blacksmith shop. The train stopped—I jumped off—asked the conductor "How long?"—he said about two minutes. I said "Watch for me"—rushed to the shop and saw just what I wanted—a pair of bellows worn and wheezy, with green spots here and there, and a string wrapped about the snout; an anvil, worn and rusty, creases about the horn where it had been used for hard labor. I said to the blacksmith, a sturdy, brawny vulcan, "If I send you a new bellows, a new anvil and new hammers will you send this, that and those to me in exchange?" He looked at me as though he thought I had just escaped from an asylum, and, to pacify me, said, "Sure." I gave him my address—just then the conductor called "All aboard!" I said "Remember" and rushed off. I got to St. Louis, bought a brand new bellows and anvil and shipped them. I forgot to say I got the blacksmith's name—John Hoskins.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phœbe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, northeast corner Main and North streets. Regular size, 50c and $1.

To Oil Producers.

On and after January 18, 1897, and until further notice, the price of torpedo will be 70 cents per quart, net, payable in the month following the month that the work was done.

Respectfully, OHIO & INDIANA TORPEDO CO.

2-6t

Foley's Honey and Tar

Cough Syrup wherever introduced is considered the most pleasant and effective remedy for all throat and lung complaints. It is the only prominent cough medicine that contains no opiates and that can safely be given to children. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

REMNANT SALE

AT THE

COLUMBIA SHOE STORE.

THIS WEEK.

We cut the regular price from all of our Remnant stock and then offer them to go at

ONE-FOURTH OFF!

Smith & Stoughton's, Upham Bros', Johnston & Murphy's, Nelson & Son's, George E. Keith's; all Men's $5.00 Shoes, cut to $3 50; now one-fourth off makes them $2.60. We have small lots of these, comprising odd sizes and widths. They are bargains for you and the sale of them is a good thing for us. We want to sell them---you want to wear them.

Reynolds Bros.', Johnson's, Lamkin & Foster's, Baker & Bowman's, P. Cox (Rochester), Stribley & Co's; Ladies' $5.00 Shoes, cut to $3.50; now one-fourth off makes them $2.60. These are odd lots, odd sizes. They are bargains if you can wear them. Ask to see them.

All of P. Cox's (Rochester) $4 00 Shoes cut to $3.00; one-fourth off makes them $2.25.

Ladies' Lamb's wool Slipper Soles, 9c per pair.
Misses' Lamb's wool Slipper Soles, 8c per pair.
Child's Lamb's wool Slipper Soles, 7c per pair.

Try us this week. See how cheap you can buy fine Shoes of us. Remember,

One-Fourth Off On Any Shoe in the Store.

A SPECIAL---Men's low cut, first quality Goodyear Rubbers, 25 cents per pair.

THE COLUMBIA

The Progressive Shoe House of Lima.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR SALE!

Ladies' Night Gowns, worth 50, - - Sale Price 39c
Ladies' White Skirts, worth $1.00, - - Sale Price 73c
Ladies' Corset Covers, worth 15c, - - Sale Price 8c

Muslin Underwear Sale!

CARROLL & COONEY.



Brazilian Balm

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN BALSAM!

...CURES...

Coughs, Colds, Croup & Grippe

LIKE MAGIC.

RADICALLY CURES

CATARRH!

It clears the head of foul mucous; heals the sores and ulcers of the head and throat; sweetens the breath, and perfectly restores the senses of the taste, smell and hearing. Stops headache and dropping into the throat. Also destroys the germ which causes

HAY FEVER,

making a perfect cure in a few days. Never fails! No fatal case of LA GRIPPE ever known where Brazilian Balm was faithfully used. It destroys the grippe germ and quickly removes all the bad effect.

INFALLIBLE in ASTHMA, CROUP, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, PNEUMONIA, DYSPEPSIA, RHEUMATISM, TYPHOID and SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, and any disease where there is Inflammation, Fever or Congestion. Greatest relief in Consumption ever discovered.

Cures a Fresh Cold in one day. Stops EARACHE in 2 minutes. Stops ringing in the head and relieves deafness. As an injection invaluable in female troubles. For outward use heals Cuts, Sores and Burns like magic. Prevents lock-jaw from wounds. QUICK CURE FOR CONSTIPATION AND PILES.

Its Healing Power is Almost Miraculous. The Best Family Medicine in Existence.

50 Cent Bottle contains 100 Doses, or Two Weeks Treatment for Catarrh.

$1.00 BOTTLE EQUALS THREE 50c. BOTTLES.

HOME TESTIMONIALS:

"Brazilian Balm cured me of inveterate catarrh which I had for over 20 years. It is the most wonderful triumph of medical science."—*Gen. J. Parke Postles.* "In croup, cold and the worst form of gripp we have found Brazilian Balm invaluable."—*Jno. W. S. Boothe, D. D., Pastor Del. Ave. Bap. Ch.* "Mrs. Lore has used the Brazilian Balm and thinks it did her much good."—*Hon. Chas. B. Lore, Chief Just. of Del.* "One bottle of Brazilian Balm cured a friend of mine of hay fever."—*Thos. M. Culbert.* "I was very deaf for 10 years from catarrh. Brazilian Balm applied warm in my ears every day soon restored my hearing."—*Mrs. John Scotten, Chester, Pa.* "It is the best thing for dyspepsia I ever saw tried."—*Judge Edward Wootten.* "I was worn almost to the grave with a racking cough that all the remedies and the doctors failed to relieve. It was cured with one bottle of Brazilian Balm. It shall be my doctor through life."—*Mrs. J. Galloway, Pottstown, Pa.* "I was fearfully crippled up with rheumatism, could not get my hand to my head. I took ten 50-cent bottles of Brazilian Balm in six months. Am now entirely cured and as nimble as I was at forty."—*Anson Burrell, aged 84.* A lady in Cincinnati was so afflicted with asthma that during the winter for seventeen years she was unable to sleep lying down, was entirely and permanently cured with Brazilian Balm.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

B. F. JACKSON & CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

You Can Always Get

SHOES

To Fit you, and at the very Lowest prices, at

AVERY'S, 135 North Main Street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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ONLY CURE FOR PIMPLES IS Cuticura SOAP

It is so because it strikes at the cause of the Disease, Inward, Inflamed, Sluggish, or Overworked Pores.

Sold throughout the World. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

"How to Prevent Pimples," 64 pages, free.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY.

CH&D

CINCINNATI INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

Excursions via C., H. & D. R. R. Co.

Excursion Rates to Washington, D. C.

On account of the Presidential inauguration at Washington, D. C., March 4th, agents of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway will sell tickets to Washington City and return at one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold, good going March 1st, 2nd and 3rd; good to return leaving Washington until March 8 h, inclusive.

In Palace Sleeping Cars From Lake Michigan to the Potomac.

A new line of Pullman Sleepers between Chicago, Washington, D. C., and Baltimore via the "Queen City."

Commencing January 24th, the C., H. & D. Ry. and Monon Route, in connection with the B. & O. and B. & O. S. W. railways, will operate a line of Pullman sleepers between Chicago and Baltimore, via Cincinnati and Washington City. The schedule will be as follows:

Leave Chicago	3:45 a m
" Indianapolis	7:55 a m
" Cincinnati	12:05 m
Arrive Washington	6:47 a m
" Baltimore	7:55 a m
Returning, the sleeper will	
Leave Baltimore	11:00 a m
" Washington, D C	12:00 m
" Cincinnati	3:30 a m
" Indianapolis	7 00 a m
Arrive Chicago	12:00 m

The sleepers are of the latest Pullman pattern, equal to any running on any line.

Keep These Dates in Your Mind.

December 29, January 5 19, February 3 16, April 6 20, May 4 18—On these dates agents of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway will sell settlers' tickets to points in Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Florida, Mississippi, Virginia and Louisiana, one way, at special low rates. Persons intending to go south this winter or spring will do well to call on any agent of the C. H & D Ry, who will not only furnish them with information as to the rates, but will also obtain literature descriptive of the portion of the country to which they are looking. Agents will cheerfully assist anyone in obtaining information who will ask for it.

Sunday, December 20th, the C., H. & D. and Wabash inaugurated a line of Pullman and Wagner reclining chair cars and sleeping cars between Cincinnati and Hannibal, Mo. This line will be made up of the C., H & D. Ry to Indianapolis, I. D. & W. R'y to Decatur and the Wabash Decatur to Hannibal. The equipment is new, having been built especially for this line. The name of the Pullman cars is "Ideal," the Wagner being named "Baltimore." These cars will leave Indianapolis every evening at 7:15, arriving Indianapolis, 12:40 p.m., Decatur, 4:55 a. m., Springfield, 7:05 a. m., Jacksonville, 8:25 a. m., and Hannibal, 11:40 a. m. Returning the car will leave Hannibal, 4:30 p m, Jacksonville, 7:25 p m, Springfield, 8:40 p. m., Decatur, 10:20 p. m., Indianapolis 3:30 p. m., arrive Cincinnati, 7:30 a m. These cars are models of beauty and contain every device for the safety and convenience of the traveling public, being furnished with a large and commodious smoking room, and toilet rooms upholstered in brown frieze plush, with draperies to match. The cars are mounted on six-wheel standard trucks, gas lighted and steam heated. The Pullman and Wagner cars will alternate in the run.

Homeseekers' Excursion

to almost all States via the C, H & D Ry. On Nov 3d, 16th, 17th and 30th, Dec 1st, 14th and 15th, Jan 4th, 5th, 18th and 19th, Feb 1st, 2nd, 15th and 16th, to points west of the Mississippi River; and Nov 3d 16th, 17th and 30th, Dec 1st, 14th and 15th Jan 4th, 5th 18th and 19th, Feb 1st 2nd, 16th and 16th, south of the Ohio River, at one fare for the round trip, plus $2.00.

Settlers' One Way to the South

On the first and third Tuesday each month a very low rate via C, H & D Ry.

Hunters' Rates.

The C, H & D Ry will sell hunters' tickets at very low rates to the North and West.

Niagara Falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates.

Sunday rate on the C., H. & D. R. R. will be one fare for the round trip to all points.

H. J. McGUIRE, Ticket Agent.

Poisoned by a Snake In Alcohol.

A surprising experiment demonstrating the lasting qualities of snake poison was recently made by Professor Maisonneuve, which showed that a dead snake is almost as dangerous as a live one. The professor took an unusually large specimen of the common viper of southern France, which for more than 20 years had been exhibited in the zoological museum at Angers, France, preserved in alcohol. The first experiment with one of the poisonous fangs of this snake seemed to show that the 20 years' contact with the alcohol had robbed the poison of its virulence, for a sparrow wounded with one of its teeth did not develop any symptoms of being poisoned. The cause of the nonaction of the poison at first was speedily found, however, in the thickening of the poison at the entrance of the canal into the tooth, which prevented the poison from flowing. When Professor Maisonneuve extracted some of the poisonous substance with a fine needle and injected a minimal portion of it into the sparrow, the latter showed all the symptoms of poisoning inside of half an hour, which gradually increased until it died in convulsions in 2½ hours after the injection of the poison. As it was heretofore believed that snake poison loses its dangerous and virulent qualities with the death of the reptile, great care in handling dead snakes will be a matter of common sense precaution.

Have you earache, toothache, sore throat, pains or swellings of any sort? A few applications of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will bring relief almost instantly.

GARDENS OF THE SEA.

The Wonderful Country That Blooms Under the Waves of Water.

There is a wonderful country under the sea, a country of hills and plains, of lofty mountains and deep valleys, of rocks and caves. Its wide spreading meadows are covered with strange animal flowers that move themselves about in search of living prey and seaweeds taller than the loftiest trees. Tempests may rage fiercely overhead, but a deep, unbroken silence reigns always in this underworld, nor can the wildest hurricane that drives vessels to wreckage move the most delicate tendril of the sea plants in the depths below. Fragile creatures that fall to pieces almost at a touch spend their lives here in quiet and security. The ocean depths, which for mankind are regions of breathlessness and death, are for billions of animals the region of life and health. The earth does not maintain nearly so many living creatures as those that swarm in countless myriads beneath the waves of the ocean. Here are great purple sea fans and lovely sea lilies and sea ferns and sea cucumbers and sea mice and sponges, displaying bright colors that are lost the moment they are taken from the water, and here the rare and beautiful corals are silently builded into reefs and islands.

If it ever be your good fortune to go to Florida and visit the keys at the southern end of the state, you may see a coral plantation alive and growing. There is a famous lighthouse called Cary's fort light off the coast there, from which such a sight can be had. Cary's fort light is built in the open sea, without a foot of land about it. It is an iron framework of columns, strengthened by a network of braces and girders, and the rooms in which lives the keeper are about half way up to the light, out of the reach of the waves, 40 or 50 feet above the water. A balcony runs about these rooms, and as the lighthouse is built over one of the most beautiful and extensive fields of coral known on this or any other coast the sight presented on looking from this balcony into the ocean is more wonderful than can be well imagined by one who has not seen it. The coral field spreads around the lighthouse as far as the eye can reach, and so transparent is the water that the ocean bottom can be seen, as plainly as a garden, lying beneath. The coral field is largely made up of what are called leaf corals, with large flat branches that grow one above another, chasing each other singly and in companies, darting about, winding in and out the corals as if in a game of hide and go seek, and hundreds of fish play among their spreading branches.

Most of them are of very brilliant colors, some of a bright blue, others partly blue and partly black, others again black blended with yellow, and still others of a bright canary yellow beneath and rich purple above. Now and then some large fish, a shark perhaps, passes by, and all the small fry scatter, hiding among the corals, and are seen no more till their enemy is out of sight.

Besides the leaf coral there are many others even more beautiful to be seen. Some are in the shape of huge vases, some are like great globes, others branch out as do the horns of the stag, and there are more delicate branching kinds, called finger corals and great numbers of sea fans. The sea fans form the shrubbery of the sea garden. They stand on the ocean bottom on a sort of root, and, unlike the leaf and branching corals, which are rigid and motionless, they rise lightly in the water and wave in the gentle undercurrents as if stirred by the wind. They are of many colors, and, mingled as they are with a kind of vegetable coral called coralline and with the bright red, purple or orange colored sponges of the Florida coast, you may well realize on looking at them how surpassingly beautiful are the flower gardens of the sea.—Justin Le Roche in Popular Science News.

Wales Played Crown Points.

Lord Beaconsfield was the only man who ever succeeded in getting the Prince of Wales to play for small stakes. The prince was on a visit to Hughenden, and after dinner the usual game was suggested. When the stakes were announced, Dizzy turned pale. He was a comparatively poor man and feared to risk so much money. A bright idea occurred to him. It was just after the queen had been crowned empress of India, and Dizzy suggested, "Would not it be more suitable to make it crown points?" The prince was so pleased with the not that he consented.—San Francisco Argonaut.

How It Worked.

"That woman getting her purse snatched out of her hand saved money for me."

"How was that?"

"My wife went shopping and put her purse in her pocket. When she got down town, she couldn't find her pocket."—Chicago Record.

FARM FIELD AND GARDEN

RIDGE CULTURE.

As a Means of Forcing Vegetables to an Early Maturity.

A contributor to American Gardening furnishes this report on experiments in ridging the soil as a means of forcing vegetables to an early maturity. He writes:

I began with peas. The soil was thrown into ridges three feet apart with an ordinary plow during the previous autumn. As soon as the tops of the ridges were dry enough to work a smoothing harrow was run over twice and a furrow four or five inches deep made upon each ridge with a Planet Jr. cultivator. Peas were then sown by hand and covered by the Planet Jr., two ridges being also worked down to a level and planted in the same manner the same day. The spring was very cold, with frequent frosts until June, but not exceptionally wet. The peas planted on ridges were ready for picking June 20, while those planted on the "level" were not ready till June 28. The variety was First and Best. This was in the season of 1895.

In 1896 the same experiment was tried, but the season was warm from the first (only one frost during April) and the difference in the time of maturing was only three days.

Ground for early potatoes was prepared in the same manner as above described for peas, Early Ohio being the variety used. In the first season (1895) they were cut down repeatedly by frost and were a failure. In 1896 Early Ohio was planted 4 to 5 inches deep on ridges 3 feet apart, seed pieces 12 inches apart in the row. They were planted April 10. A weeder was run over the ground every few days, but this merely kept the tops of the ridges pulverized. Two weeks after the potatoes were planted the spaces between the rows were filled nearly to the top with very strong horse manure just from the stable. Rain soon settled this, so we were able to run the weeder until the vines were too large to admit of it. They were allowed to get perfectly ripe before being dug. The yield was at the rate of 309 bushels per acre merchantable tubers, very few small ones and remarkably free from scab.

Early Ohio planted on good land in the ordinary manner with level culture ripened prematurely from blight, which prevented an accurate estimate as to the difference in earliness. The yield was 96 bushels per acre; many small ones and exceedingly scabby. The seed used was the same in both cases and was free from scab so far as the eye could detect.

Experiments with sweet corn, cabbages and tomatoes were also made with ridge culture, and the contrast in earliness was very marked, especially with the sweet corn.

Model Farms.

The attention that soil culture is receiving in the west has determined the Burlington Railroad company to establish a number of experimental stations or "model farms" in Kansas and Nebraska in order to demonstrate the advantage of the most improved methods of soil culture and to lead the farmers of Kansas and Nebraska to new efforts in this direction and enable them to become independent, even in so called "drought sections" and "dry years."

Incidentally the company expects returns from its investments in increased and regular crops, necessitating heavy freight and passenger traffic. In calling attention to the foregoing The Post-Dispatch says that model farms are established at Oberlin, Kan., and at McCook, Holdredge, Alma and Broken Bow, Neb.

Something was done in this line by the company last year and with immensely satisfactory results. The farms consist of 40 acres in each station, under the immediate supervision of a practical and tried farmer of the neighborhood. Each farm will be visited frequently by one of the learned corps of professors under Professor Campbell, all of whom are skilled in the new method. Nebraska and Kansas farm staples—corn, wheat, rye, oats and potatoes—will be produced. The farming at the experimental stations is conducted primarily on the theory that the rainfall of the west is ample for all practical farming purposes, but that, owing to capillary attraction, the moisture escapes from the earth before it performs its proper and desired functions. The new method will contribute to retard the action of nature's law at critical moments and retain the moisture.

A Cheap Hogpen.

It does not need an expensively built pen to house a hog. A pen warm in winter, with a tight roof over it to exclude rain and floor enough for the hog to stand on while eating, is better than a painted house with matched lumber that will cost $100. It is a good thing to have a dirt floor in a hoghouse and that the house be light and strong enough so that it can be easily moved. Every time the house is moved there will be a new floor, and the hog, if unringed, will root it over. A hog left free to root in soil that has not been contaminated with hog manure will generally keep healthy and will make healthy pork. In summer time the house is mostly superfluous. The hog likes to be cool and will root for himself in a wallow in the moist soil, where he will lie most of the time if well fed, and will keep in better health than in the most artistic pen ever built. Many of the experiments in hog growing begin with much too expensive hoghouses. These make the pork cost far more than the cheaply grown hogs of farmers, who can thus undersell the amateur farmer.—Kansas Farmer.

WEIGHT AND MEAT.

Fowls That Rank Highest as Used on the Table.

To produce a large and heavy fowl is one thing and to produce one with weight and meat combined to the best advantage for table purposes is another.

The Brahma is the largest and heaviest fowl, with the Cochin and Langshan closely competing with it in size and weight. But in none of these three breeds are weight and meat combined as satisfactorily to the consumer, when the fowl is dressed and cooked, as it is in several other breeds.

The fanciers of the country—those that make mating and breeding with a view to utility a study—have tried for many years to produce a breed of fowls that would have small bones and sinews, with plumpness of breast, meaty thighs and shortness of leg and neck—in other words, a compact, blocking bird, with plenty of meat and little bone.

Working in this line they have evolved the Plymouth Rock and the Wyandotte, the two best known and most popular American breeds. These two breeds are not perfection. Yet these represent a long step in the right direction, the females coming nearer to the ideal, small boned, meaty fowl so greatly desired than the males. The latter are still rather lank and bony. It is hard to breed them down to a blocky, meaty form. But, still, in the two latter named breeds we find the best table fowl in all the long list of pure bred poultry. Of these two the Plymouth Rock is the best known and the most popular. The difference between them, however, consists chiefly in plumage, as there is really very little difference in the size, weight and the amount of edible flesh on them.

There is another breed that ranks high as a table fowl, one that, in the female particularly, combines weight and meat in a most happy and desirable degree; we refer to the Southern Game fowl, a fowl that, like Topsy, "just growed," and which, despite the efforts of the poultry fanciers to produce something superior, still holds its own as a table fowl. In fact, a game pullet, with her plump breast, broad and fleshy back and meaty thighs, combines as large a per cent of meat to the bone as any fowl grown. In addition to this there is a sweetness and wild bird flavor about the meat of the plantation or farm raised game fowl not found in any other breed, not even excepting the Plymouth Rock.

FARM POULTRY.

More Profit In Eggs Than In Fattening For Market.

The profit derived from improved farm poultry comes, first of all, from their increased size; therefore in improving poultry you should have two objects in view. The first is egg production; the second is size and keeping such stock and in such numbers as will allow the profit resulting from the sale of the surplus to pay for labor of caring for them.

In climates not extremely cold a plain, comfortable house should be constructed. One that will accommodate, without crowding, 100 fowls may be built with a small outlay of from $50 to $100, and a flock of this size, provided their sleeping quarters are kept clean and wholesome and they are allowed a wide range, may be kept healthy without much hard work. Of this number 25 will easily raise a liberal supply of young chicks for a large family, besides furnishing them in addition an abundance of good fresh eggs the year around. This will leave 75, and the greater profit will be realized if they be of some nonsitting breeds or crossed with some nonsitters, so that they will concentrate their strength and energy in egg production.

For, unless one has favorable market facilities, there is no profit in selling live chickens. Well fattened hens sometimes bring a reasonable price, but as a rule, unless the seller is well posted in such matters, the prices accorded the farmer, after transportation and commission fees, are so low that he finds it would have been better if he had kept them for home use. Good, fresh, brown eggs fetch a good price in the market at any time. The price varies with different localities, but in the summer season we can get 10 cents per dozen, while in winter and the greater part of the fall the price rises to a greater extent. If the food is raised for the flock on the farm, the expense of keeping is reduced to a considerable extent. If a large family be liberally supplied with fresh eggs and first class poultry, that in itself should be considered as equivalent for the food supply of the rest.

Dirty Eggs and Clean Ones.

A wholesale egg dealer was sorting over a lot of fresh laid eggs just received from the country. They were all good size, the candle test showed them to be tolerably fresh and good, but some of them were so dirty that it was difficult to say what was their original color. The question was asked as to the difference in price between the dirty and clean eggs. "Three to 4 cents per dozen, and the dirty ones are very slow of sale." The quality is the same, but the appearance kills the sale. Another thing—had not the dealer gone to the trouble to sort the eggs all would have sold for little more than the price of dirty ones. Any one who ships eggs should know better than to send dirty eggs to market. They should be kept clean in the first place, but, if by chance they do become dirty, should be thoroughly washed. Few poultrymen can stand the loss of 3 or 4 cents per dozen from this cause in these times.

Peacocks and Pheasants.

There will be money, and good money, in peacock and pheasant raising in the near future. The demand for these birds is steadily increasing, and the supply is as yet very limited.

Any kind of an old hen of experience and motherly instincts can hatch out and care for a brood of pheasants or peacocks as easily as though they were everyday chicks until they are old enough to take care of themselves.



BEST with a big B. Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham is in a class by itself. You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco

Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUCCEED," TRY

SAPOLIO



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless of the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, $1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, O.

SOLD BY WM. MELVILLE, OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

Auntie's Practical Arithmetic.

It was only the other night, in the grammar school on Ringold street, that an aged colored woman, weary and worn with her years of ceaseless labor, comprehended for the first time in her life that the figure 4 meant four single units combined. So happy was she at the dawning light of knowledge, rudimentary though it was, that when she saw in a store on the following day the sign, "Tacks, 4 cents; hammers, 4 cents," she could not resist the temptation to count out two little piles of four pennies each from her scanty supply and make the purchase. She did not need either, but, with her tacks and hammer, she walked out of the store as triumphantly as would a business man who had just made a real estate deal which netted him thousands of dollars.—Boston Herald.

Raw Oysters.

One of the most eminent of French physicians, the late Dujardin-Beaumetz, urged for years before his death that persons of light or feeble digestion should not eat raw oysters, because they contain a chemical which excites fermentation as soon as it comes in contact with the gastric juice. Being an easy carrier of germs, too, the oyster communicates very readily any pathogenic microbe which it may contain to the intestinal canal, and trouble begins at once. Recent investigations corroborate the opinion of the French scientist and may lead to the banishment of the hitherto esteemed raw oyster from the list of convalescent dainties. It is already an established fact that its nutritive qualities have been much overrated.—New York Post.

The Mind's Eye.

It will probably be news to most people to hear that rudimentary traces of a third eye exist among all vertebrates, including man. In the human race this third eye forms part of the pineal gland—a small mass about the size of a pea in almost the very center of the brain. Possibly, therefore, there was more actual truth in the well known expression, "the mind's eye," than its originator ever dreamed of.

More Curative Power

Is contained in a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other similar preparation. It costs the proprietor and manufacturer more. It costs the jobber more and is worth more to the consumer. It has a record of cures unknown to any other preparation. It is the best to buy because it is the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure.

A Finnish College.

A Finnish college was recently established in Hancock, Mich., under the auspices of the American synod of the Finnish Evangelical Lutheran church. The Rev. J. K. Niklander, the president of the synod, is at the head of the college, which, though small as yet, will probably soon become a large institution.

Loved the Bottle Before He Had Teeth.

At No. 82 Warwick Ave., Zanesville, O, lives Mrs. B. H. Mills, who relates the following experience: "I have used Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion and find it all that it claims to be Our little boy cut his teeth so hard that he almost had spasms. Bathing his gums with the Lotion would relieve him immediately. He knew the bottle better than all others and would cry for it. I advise every mother who has teething children to use Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion." At all druggists, 25c.

KEEP HEALTHY

And Use the



$2.

KELLY SHOWER BATH RING AND Hot Water Proof Hose

Prevents Wetting the Head and Floo

$2 EXPRESS AD. **25c.**

Agents wanted in every city who can pu chase doz. lots or more. Send for catalogu Frost Proof Water Closets, Self Actin Water Closets, Kelley Stop and Water Co

THOS. KELLY & BROS.,

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MONEY TO LOAN.

Regardless of the hard times and the stringency in the money market everywhere, am in a position to get all the money needed to supply good applications for loans.

I can get you a loan at less rate of interest and on better terms, than you can get elsewhere. When you want a loan be sure and give me a call and get my terms.

T. E. WILHINS, 9-10 Opera Block.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have money to loan at 5 to 7, per cent in sums of

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upon improved city and farm property. Loans made promptly. When in need of loan give us a call

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NO. 54.

East Side Public Square. First-class Barber shop. Ladies' and Children's Haircutting done to order. Special room for ladies' hairdressing

A. LUTZ, Proprietor.

A positive cure for all coughs and la-grippe without causing nausea.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm

Price 25c. Sent by mail by Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb. Send for booklet. Sold by Druggists.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail, for 50c and $1 per box. WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Prop's, Cleveland O. For sale by F. H. Vortkamp, n e corner Main and North streets.

Dr. Kay's Renovator Guaranteed to cure dyspepsia, constipation, liver and kidney diseases. At druggists 25c and $1. Send for free sample and booklet. Dr. B. J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb.

WOMANHOOD In order to teach suffering women how to guard against dangerous surgical operations and quack treatment the American Association of Physicians passed a resolution to distribute a little book on female diseases. "Womanhood" explains all diseases and irregularities peculiar to women and gives the best methods of home treatment. Sent free for stamp to pay postage.

Address, ELEANOR KENDALL, 616 North 25th St., South Omaha, Neb.

The Rosy Freshness

And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use POZZONI'S Complexion Powder.

LADY AGENTS. We furnish everything you invest nothing. Work with ladies, pleasant and very profitable. Both Free. C. C. Shimer, Omaha, Neb.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

A NOBLE WORK.

(From the Omaha Christian Advocate.)

There is no one in Omaha or vicinity who has not heard of Mr. N. J. Smith, founder of Rescue Home He has for a number of years, devoted a large share of his time to the work of rescuing the fallen, furnishing aid to those in distress and helping in every way possible those in trouble. He has been in poor health for several years, but all will be pleased to learn that his health is now much better and he is able to take active charge of the mission work, to which he now devotes his entire time.

On January 1st, 1897, he writes as follows: 'I have been troubled for several years with a bad cough. I had lung chills and slight hemorrhage of the lungs and was threatened with consumption My mother and two sisters having died with consumption, I expected the same fate; but I tried Dr. Kay's Lung Balm, prepared by Dr. B J. Kay Medical Co., Omaha, Neb., and two 25c boxes have entirely cured me of my cough and soreness of my lungs. That tired, sleepy and drowsy feeling is all gone and my appetite is now good I feel well and full of life. I can work night and day and do not feel tired. Praise the Lord for the help it has given me. I write this hoping if any read it who are similarly afflicted and have been unable to get help from any other source, that they will try this excellent remedy, which I believe to be the best cough medicine of which I have any knowledge." N J. SMITH,
2540 S. 10th St, Omaha, Neb.

HAVE YOU
Kidney Trouble,
Bladder Trouble,
Urinal Trouble,
Catarrh,
Rheumatism,
Indigestion,
FemaleDiff iculties?
CURES BACKACHE IN 24 HOURS.
BUY
"SAN-JAK"
From Your Druggist.

Read Dr Snyder's Endorsement on this Wonderful Remedy.

CHICAGO, March 7, 1895.

Mr. Burnham, City.

MY DEAR DOCTOR:—My attention was first called to "San-Jak" last year in the case of Captain J M. Brosius, of Terry Haute, Ind., who was attacked in this city with acute nephritis and cystitis (inflammation of the bladder and kidneys.) After prescribing the usual remedies without avail, "San Jak" was suggested, and the improvement was so marked after the first dose, and a complete cure followed so speedily that I at once commenced an investigation of its merits, and have since prescribed it in almost every known form of kidney, bladder, urethral, vaginal and catarrhal troubles, followed in each instance by the happiest results.

In my own case (cystitis) the relief it gave me by its use in a few days was simply marvelous

A case of enuresis (involuntary flow of urine) in my own family was very much improved by a few doses, and radically cured in less than a week. From practical experience in a number of bad cases of leucorrhoea, I am free to say that I have found no remedy that is equal to "San-Jak."

And while I have never before given a professional endorsement to a proprietory remedy, I say unhesitatingly and with a reserve that I consider "San Jak" a veritable boon to humanity, and after applying to it the severe professional tests, can say with confidence it is better than it is recommended to be.

I shall continue to prescribe it in all cases of genito-urinary or catarrh troubles in preference to all other known remedies

AS A NERVE TONIC, especially in the cases of weak and anaemic children, "San Jak" can be relied upon fully and entirely. The delicious taste of the medicine is also in its favor, in prescribing it for children. I am at present using "San-Jak" as an alternative in skin diseases, and several cases of chronic eczema have yielded so rapidly to its influence that I shall continue to use it in all similar cases, feeling confident that it will meet all the indications in such cases.

Yours sincerely,
(Signed) GEO. W. SNYDER, M. D.
Chicago, Ill.

Sold by All Druggists.

SAN-JAK MEDICAL CO.,
CHICAGO.
Send for Treatise on Kidney Trouble.

A Cheerful Giver.

A primary teacher in a Watervliet Sunday school took for a subject "The Lord loveth a cheerful giver." She inquired if any one knew what it meant, when a little 4-year-old boy said:

"Miss L——, I know what that means."

"Well, George Edwin, what is it?"

"It means give a whole lot and don't cry over it."—Troy Times.

Some sensitive plants growing in marshes in the southern states are provided with a substitute for nerves, the antennae, or hairs, on the edges of the leaves being the feelers. When touched, the entire leaf shrinks away from the hand.

Twelve tablespoonfuls of any liquid make what the doctors call a teacupful.

Thousands of the victims of consumption owe their death to the simple neglect of a cold. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles.

GUSTA'S "FALLER."

His hair was harvest golden and his eyes were like the blue
Of seas depths near the Sweden that his early boyhood knew
His cheek was shot with tinting of the sunset's dying red,
And he was Gusta's sweetheart—or her "faller," as she said
They fashioned out their future by Dan Cupid's rosy plan,
For love is love to general and to enlisted man.

He brought her candy presents from the garrison canteen
And flowers that grew along the road that stretched five miles between.
(A ten mile march each Sunday night, and waiting at the end
A very punctual sergeant who was no man's special friend)
Five miles from Eros back to Mars, from sloop to garrison,
But love went with him on the way—he scarcely thought it one.

He came and brought my baby boy a little wooden gun,
And in their kitchen marchings many a fearful field was won
And many a great campaign was planned on foreman free and strange—
Such as the pump, or sink, or broom, or sugar bin, or range.
Ah, well, the proverb of the bard shows valor at its best—
"The loving are the daring and the brave the tenderest."

A soldier's heart is not his law, nor always is his guide—
Commanding officers there are, and Indian men beside—
And Gusta sadly—and my boy—watched that long line of blue
March down the way and disappear to westward out of view.
Oh, love is love forever more, and ever grief is grief,
Though lovers follow in the ranks or ride ahead as chief!

The general came back at last and wondrous was his fame—
Forgotten by his former friends was Gusta's "faller's" name.
They only knew that many fell upon a fatal day
When guns gave earth a stain of red and smoked the heavens gray.
Some men must die when at the front is one who dares to lead,
And with the others on the plain there fell a blue eyed Swede.

A servant girl once dreamed a dream. That dream was not at naught.
A soldier died, and no one knows that soldier ever fought.
A grand, imposing monument a general glorifies,
But no man knows the lonesome place where Gusta's "faller" lies,
Only my baby used to cry and ask for Gusta's Jim
To come again and mend the gun he whittled out for him

—Chicago Record.

A PAYING JOURNAL.

"Not as much local matter as there should be," said Wallace, the editor, as he stood over the forms of his paper and drummed with a make up rule against the stone.

"I can give you an item," said Haggerty, the printer, shifting his long legs and distributing dead bourgeois

"Good! What is it?"

"The Red Front will close up Saturday night and move over to Jimtown."

"Oh, Lord! There goes another advertiser."

"And the Tin Tunnel was abandoned yesterday. Joyce says there isn't any more gold there than there is in his hat."

"Do you want me to publish treason? The Deep Gulch Courier shall never admit that a mine has failed to pay"

"And Brindley Rann is going to move his faro layout to Bolivar on Monday."

"Haggerty, you are a positive blessing in disguise—rather too well disguised, in fact. You can get more items that I don't want to print than any reporter I ever saw. Have you nothing that reflects credit upon Deep Gulch?"

"Naw," growled Haggerty, with an old printer's pessimism. "Deep Gulch is dying, or dead. You better follow the rest of them and get out with your printing office."

"Oh, surely these other mines are solid. The malcontents will all move back again. The Trolley and the Empire will never close down. I wrote an item about them myself this week."

"Just two Chinamen working in the Trolley," rejoined Haggerty, searching for an r in the a box. "And as for the Empire, the superintendent is making a bluff. He knows there is no pay dirt there."

"Then, by the mass, I'll quit the town, too, and move over to Jimtown before any other paper gets a start there."

And yet Wallace hated to leave Deep Gulch. He had come here with the first of them and had insisted through columns and columns of leaded type that this was the real El Dorado. He had believed it himself. Editors must be optimists, of necessity. Still he would not be the last to move. He planned while working off the papers that night on his Washington press how he could straighten up affairs and get out easily.

While he and Haggerty were folding the papers and addressing them to their 200 subscribers the door opened and in walked a very well dressed gentleman.

He was a stranger, possibly an advertising agent. Wallace greeted him civilly. Haggerty would have called it cordially.

"Proprietor in?" asked the stranger. He gave an impression of prompt, decisive manner.

Wallace confessed ownership.

"I want to talk with you privately."

That was new. The editor locked about his one small room in perplexity. Haggerty helped him out by reaching for the sprinkling can. "I'll get some water," he said and vanished.

"I'm from New York. I'm secretary of the Empire Mining company They tell me most of the mines here are closing down, not paying anything."

"Yes, so I hear," assented the editor.

"Business men pulling up and going to Jimtown"

"Yes I've about concluded to go there myself before any other paper"—

"I don't want you to do it."

"No?"

"No. What will you take to stay right here and run your paper all winter—run it wide open, fill it with items, crowd it with advertisements and reports of new diggings, arrivals, fights, big finds, new buildings—you understand? How much?"

"Why, there are none of those things happening."

"I didn't ask you to make them happen. Just report them."

"Oh, I see."

"Yes, I thought you would."

"You want your mine boomed."

"Certainly. I want to unload a little Empire stock down in New York if I can."

"What'll you give?"

"A hundred a week."

"For how long?"

"Till March."

"I'll go you."

They traded. The secretary paid one week's wages on the spot and promised a check every Monday for three months. Haggerty came back with the water and found Wallace radiant. They went out that night and tried their luck at a farewell throw in Brindley Rann's place. But Brindley knew he was going to quit Deep Gulch in a day or two, so they lost.

One by one the houses—some of lumber, some of canvas, some of both materials combined—folded their wings and withdrew bodily The street became more and more an empty hillside every day. Saloons, groceries, gambling rooms and dry goods emporiums were loaded on freighters' wagons—goods, walls, roofs and windows—and hauled away from Deep Gulch.

Nothing was left but the big double house that had been hotel and gambling room and hardware store all in one and the little pine printing office of all the buildings that Deep Gulch had boasted six months before. Yet The Courier never confessed it. Reading the columns of that veracious sheet, one was astounded at the bustling, not to say seething, condition of municipal affairs.

I wish I had space to copy the items. There was a quarrel in the city council over opening a new street; a letter from Vox Populi condemning the councilmen for favoritism in letting the contract for the sewer; the arrival of Piper's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company with four mules and four Markses: half a column of births and weddings and another half of an accident in the Strawboard mine—an industry which had no earthly existence.

"Good story, that gun fight you described," grinned Haggerty, as he rattled the untruthful types into his stick.

Wallace thanked him.

"Might report a lawsuit."

"Good thing!" exclaimed the editor and wrote half a column about the crowds at the courtroom and the cheers when the accused woman was acquitted. Then he grew boastful in the declaration that the Masonic temple, "now nearing completion," laid over anything in Jimtown or any other city of twice the size in Idaho.

Big finds in the Rabbit mine, bigger still in the Empire, good reports from the Snowbank diggings, better still from the Eclipse, these were vagrant items scattered through the pages.

Wallace "made up" and put the forms on the press. Haggerty "rolled" for him, and they printed four copies—two for the secretary of the Empire Mining company in New York, one for a foreign advertiser and one for the files.

That was the extent of the issue, and when they had "worked it off" Haggerty washed the type with concentrated lye and threw it in again.

There was no postoffice in Deep Gulch. It had vanished with the vanishing business. There was not a single resident beside those two men and a half breed who slept in the double house next door and hunted for a living. Every week Wallace walked the ten miles to Jimtown, mailed the three copies of his paper, paying full rates to keep the secret, received his check at the postoffice, cashed it, bought supplies for himself and Haggerty and then walked home again. He used to say grimly it was an excellent time to gather items.

And every week the secretary of that Empire Mining company opened the papers in his office at New York, destroyed the wrappers and showed his friends how the mine was booming.

Along toward spring Wallace saw from the letters accompanying his remittances that the secretary had about "unloaded," and he made arrangements to pull out as soon as his contract was ended. Haggerty wanted him to throw it up and follow the star of empire, but the editor was too honest a man. Besides, the business was paying.

One day they saw a man prospecting up at the mouth of the abandoned Trolley mine. Presently he came down and entered the office.

"First to come and last to leave, eh?" he remarked, laughing, as he regarded the material with an expert eye.

"Well, last to leave anyway," said Wallace not very proudly. "Been prospecting?"

"Yes. I rather like the looks of things up there on the hill."

"Lots of gold been taken out of there."

"Lots more to take out yet." rejoined the stranger.

It was not for The Courier to contradict that statement. The stanger toyed with the standing type in that easy way that proves acquaintance.

"Haven't much use for a paper here, have you?" he asked.

"No. I would sell."

"What will you take?"

"What'll you give?"

He made an offer, and Wallace traded, possession to be given the 1st of March. After the papers had been signed the stranger went over to Jimtown and got the money. Wallace and Haggerty both thought they were in a dream. The stranger hung around that Trolley claim, digging, washing, cutting timbers. One day he came down with some specimens and showed them. Wallace had become something of an expert. He knew they held gold. He regretted selling, but he went away with the end of winter and drifted up to Boise City, where he put his money in the Miners' bank and took cases on The Herald.

Haggerty put what money he could raise in the faro banks and "subbed" on an afternoon paper.

One day in August Wallace saw a man in the restaurant with a copy of The Courier in his pocket. Now, an ex-publisher, seeing his paper folded with the title out, may ask any one possessing it to surrender, though it be the angel Gabriel. And this was not. This was a very accommodating, not to say friendly, fellow, who was glad to form a new acquaintance.

"So you used to run The Courier?" he asked after they had taken a drink together. "Well, I run it now."

"Oh, you bought it of"—

"No. He bought it for me. You see, I was on the inside. I knew there was gold in the Trolley and all along that gulch and that a rush would come the minute the truth was told. So I bought the paper and boomed her where she would do the most good."

"And did the rush come?" Wallace swallowed that reference to "the truth."

The stranger frowned a very good imitation of a thundercloud and replied, "Filled the gulch from Sage run to Honeycomb rock."

"You don't tell me!"

Those names were regretfully familiar.

"Main street runs right up the hill. Morris & Swan put in a new stamp mill the other day. That's five in six months."

"You amaze me!"

"Bought a lot for 50 cases last May and sold it in June for 100."

"Well, well!"

"Dan McCarty elected mayor last Monday, and"—

"Not Dan McCarty of Indianapolis?"

"That's the man."

Wallace was trembling with excitement.

"Why, I've known him for 20 years."

"You have? Well, he's mayor."

"How things have changed!"

"Changed! Well, I guess yes. Little too fast for me. I'm looking about for something nearer civilization. Don't hanker after frontier journalism more than six months at a time."

"Pays, don't it?"

"Well, I've taken out enough to buy an interest in The Herald here. Pays that well."

"Who bought your office?"

"'Tisn't sold. I own The Courier."

"Would you sell it?"

"Yes, if I got my price."

"How much?"

The prosperous proprietor named a figure. Wallace won a concession of half a hundred, and they made a bargain, taking another drink to bind it. Wallace always did like that Deep Gulch country. He drew his cash from the Miners' bank, paid it down, giving a mortgage on The Courier plant for the balance and threw up his cases on The Herald.

He hunted up Haggerty, bought a pair of burros, loaded one with a camp outfit, and they left Boise City on their pilgrimage

"Tell Mayor McCarty I'll be down in a week or two," said the stranger as he gave them goodby. "No, give him a note for me." And he scribbled on the leaf of a memorandum book, tore it out, sealed it and gave it to Wallace Then they took another drink and shook hands for the fifteenth time, parting solemnly.

Four days Haggerty and Wallace climbed up hills for the monotonous pleasure of climbing down again Four nights they rolled themselves in dusty blankets and slept the sleep of the hopeful. Hour after hour they hammered the stubborn little burros, but could not make them trot; met Indian squaws riding astraddle on dejected ponies; forded streams where the current was swift and treacherous, and then they came at sundown to the crossing of Sage run.

"Seems to me we ought to see the lights of the city," said Haggerty.

"Well, he said the main street runs up the hill, instead of across, you know," was Wallace's reply.

They crept along the bank, but the burros would not take to the water in the darkness. So they rolled themselves in their blankets for a final camp and swore they would eat breakfast at the best hotel in the morning.

When the coyotes barked, just before daybreak, Haggerty arose and climbed a height that towered above Sage run and dominated the whole canyon where Deep Gulch lay. There he lighted his pipe and waited for sunrise. When it came, he threw pebbles down at the sleeping burros till their braying waked the editor.

"Come up here," called Haggerty, and Wallace hastened to him As he reached the summit he flashed one look along that empty canyon, then staggered and sank down on the stones. He recovered and looked again.

There was no stamp mill. There was no store. There was not even a saloon from Sage run to the very apex of Honeycomb rock. The double house had vanished, and the shanty which sheltered the printing office in old days was all that was left of the metropolis.

Wallace opened the letter addressed to the mayor, unfolded the scrap of paper and read:

DEAR MR. WALLACE—Maybe you can unload on some one else. It's the only way to make journalism pay in the provinces. If you ever meet Mayor McCarty, tell him how good a turn the mention of his name served me. And send me a copy of The Courier with your salutatory. Goodby.

That was all.—Le Roy Armstrong in Lippincott's Magazine.

American Archæological Work In Greece.

Another peculiarity of this theater (at Thorikos) was found to be the entire absence of a stage. Beyond a straight wall, which rises 16 feet from the lower slope of the hill and retains the leveled mass of earth forming the platform of the orchestra in front of the sloping tiers of seats, there is absolutely no trace of any structure answering to the stage observable in other Greek theaters. This peculiarity seems to confirm Professor Dorpfeld's theory that prior to the time of Lycurgus, the orator (circ. 340 B. C.), there existed no stage, but that the orchestra was a complete circle, on which theatrical representations, more in the nature of choruses and rough performances of buffoons, were held. The old tradition must have survived in rural and poor communities, where the conventional niceties of the Greek drama were not observed, but both choruses and actors performed on the floor of the orchestra. In the Thorikos structure, therefore, we have an example—the only one so far discovered—of a primitive theater, in its transition from a still earlier state, when the spectators assembled on the bare slope of a hillside to look down upon the performances and dances carried on on a level piece of ground in front of them.—J. Gennadius in Forum.

On the Last Lap.

The old gentleman—he wasn't so very old, either, since he was the mile champion less than 20 years ago—was somewhat surprised to see his daughter sitting on young Mr Wobblesome's lap. The young people were surprised too. The old man was the first to recover his equanimity, and as his daughter found her feet he remarked:

"Ah, Lucy, I see your race for a husband is nearly over?"

"What makes you say that, papa?" asked the girl, blushing painfully.

"You seemed to be on the last lap."

Notice of the wedding followed.—Wheel.

Counsel and Queen's Counsel.

The difference between a counsel and queen's counsel—or, in the event of a king being on the throne, a king's counsel—is that the latter is supposed to be able to appear as the sovereign's advocate. Both are entitled to wear wig and gown, but the gown of the latter is silk, and the former is of "stuff." The queen's counsel can take only what is termed "leading business."



The young mother hardly knows what to do with her first baby. Girls marry now-a-days with little idea of the duties of matrimony and maternity. They approach motherhood with considerable fear They have learned in a vague way that the baby's coming means pain and danger Few of them have been told that these things are of the past. Pain and danger are no longer necessary. By the regular use of Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription during the expectant period—safety, comfort and health are assured for both mother and child.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is for the cure of all diseases distinctly feminine, and for the invigoration of already healthy organs in time of unusual strain. It promotes regularity and relieves periodical pains and discomforts. It has saved the lives of thousands of women, as their own testimony proves. Taken from among thousands like it is this letter which tells what one woman has experienced:

W. R. Malcolm, Esq., of Knobel, Clay Co., Ark., writes: "We believe in the merits of Dr Pierce's family medicines. My wife was troubled with female weakness, and two bottles of Dr Pierce's Favorite Prescription, together with the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' cured her During the period of gestation my wife continued the use of the 'Discovery,' and for perhaps four months previous to the birth of our child she also took the 'Favorite Prescription.' These medicines, it seemed, strengthened her entire system, and childbirth to her was very easy—being attended with very little pain. Our baby Ruth is 23 months old and she has never been sick a day, not so much as had the colic, she is hearty and stout and pretty as a picture—pretty because she is healthy, and we very much blame Dr Pierce's family medicines for it. We keep Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the 'Favorite Prescription' and the 'Pellets' in our home and use them. We have been married most three years and I have called a physician into my family but one time—a single trip, at birth of our baby."

Erie . . Railroad.

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No. 31, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday ... 7:00 a m
No. 12, Wells Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday ... 5:30 m

TRAINS EAST.

No. 8, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston ... 9 02 p m
No. 2, Express, daily, except Sunday 2:30 p m
No. 12, Express daily, for New York 2.46 a m
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Train 13 will not run days following legal holidays.
Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

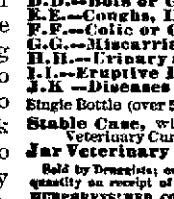
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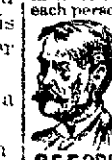
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FAUROT OPERA HOUSE.

TWO NIGHTS, COMMENCING

Friday, January 22nd, and Saturday, 23rd.

Hamelton's company of players. Direction Frank C. Hamelton, producing

AUGUSTUS THOMAS'

Greatest Success

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

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TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Are Going.

Dr. Blattenberg was in Toledo yesterday.

F. Kiffer, of Kenton, was in the city last evening.

W. A. Zigler, of Toledo, was in the city last evening.

Lloyd Hauck, of Ottawa, was in the city yesterday afternoon.

Fred C. Brandt a well known business man of Spencerville, is registered at the Burnet House.

Mrs. Graff, of Wapakoneta, attended the theatre last night in company with her husband, Dan Graff, of the Gooding shoe store.

Miss Edna Black left this morning for a week's visit at Huntington, Ind. She will be entertained by Miss May Strover, of that city.

Mrs. J C. Connell, nee Miss Mame Brown, formerly of this city, came up from Springfield yesterday to visit her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. Brown, of 910 Tanner avenue.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

J W. Burns, of the Burnet House, is laid up from a severe attack of la grippe.

Born, last evening, to Mr. and Mrs Ed Vasey, corner of McKibben and West streets, a baby girl.

The East End Pedro Club will have an important business meeting at Mrs. Risler's, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

The E'ks this evening will have a coon and 'possum supper, and it is requested that a good attendance be present to enjoy the social session that will follow the regular work.

The husband, son and relatives of the late Mrs. David A. Drake, wish to sincerely thank their neighbors, friends and the Woodman lodge for their kindness and sympathy during their bereavement.

W. S Field, one of the clerks in the C. & E. freight office in this city, has been at the bedside of his mother in Caldona for several days past, having been summoned there by her serious illness Word was received to day that her death occurred this morning.

Dr. Whitmore, of Buffalo,

The inventor of a new truss, will be at Vorthkamp's drug store Monday, and will be pleased to meet all who may be afflicted No charge for examination and satisfaction guaranteed 4-3t

Water Works Notice

If you pay your water bill for the first half of 1897 before Feb. 1st, you will save 10 per cent.

tf H. B HACKEDORN, Sec'y.

PLAYED TRUANT

And Will Now Be Enrolled Among the Pupils

At the Boys' Industrial School at Lancaster — Brought Before the Probate Judge.

Blaine Souders, the son of John T. Souders, was taken to the reform farm at Lancaster last evening. He was brought before Judge Robb yesterday, charged with refusing to attend school, and as he was only 13 years old the law could act with him for playing truant. His father showed to the satisfaction of the court that he did all that could be done to get the boy to attend school, but he would not listen to his parents' advice A few days ago the lad ran away from home and was heard from at Greenfield, Indiana His father left for that place Saturday and returned with him on Monday. When the court had pronounced the verdict, the boy, to his sorrow, realized his mistake and told his father that he was grieved to think he had mocked at his advice, but it was then too late for him to sufficiently redeem himself, and he was ordered to be committed to the Boys' Industrial School at Lancaster

AN EXCELLENT PAPER

Read by Civil Engineer Cronley at the Annual Meeting of the Ohio Engineers' Association

At the annual meeting of the Ohio Civil Engineers' Association, held in Columbus this week, J. C. Cronley read an excellent paper on the subject of "The Work of the County Engineer." The *Ohio State Journal* of yesterday says concerning it:

"J. C Cronley, of Lima, read a paper on "The Work of the County Engineer." The improvement of country roads was considered by him one of the most important problems likely to be discussed by the association. Not a mile of pike in any county of the state ought to be built except according to the plans and specifications and under the direction of a competent civil engineer. Allen county had 510 miles of pike. A description was given of the ditching of the Ottawa river at Lima to relieve the pollution of the stream. The paper also discussed the subjects of ditching, bridge building and good surveying."

"C. S. Varney, of Cleveland, chairman of the committee on legislation, being absent, the report was made by J C Cronley, of Lima, a member of the committee. The committee expressed themselves as opposed to the Torrens law, and in favor of licensing engineers by a State law, so that only those who were competent would be allowed to practice the profession of civil engineering The report provoked prolonged discussion. The members were a unit in desiring protection of this character, but were divided as to how much to ask for."

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

George H. D Ross to Anthony Miller, 40 acres, German township; consideration $2,200

Livona Bolender to Frank L. Wagner, inlots 399 and 400, Spencerville.

A G McKinney and wife to William McKinney, lot number 1564, Parmenter's addition, Lima; $200.

I W. Satterthwaite to Alvin McKinney, lots numbers 1564 and 1565 in Parmenter's addition to Lima; $800.

George M. Bryan and wife to P. Ainsworth Kahle, lots 36 and 38 in Siensheimer's addition of Cliffon to Lima; $2,150.

Curus G Mowan and wife to William Gibbs, parts of inlots 163 to 166, Lima; $450.

H. C Settlage and wife to S A. Sellers, lot 3698 in Seller & Settlage's addition to Lima; $300.

Perry E Brunk and wife to Simon P. Good, 15 acres in Amanda township; $1,150.

Wm. J. Long and wife to Perry E Brunk, 6 acres in Amanda township; $1,825.

The attaches of the county clerk's office are considerably worried over the meaning of max.

ON TRIAL.

The Hughes Case Up Before Judge Hammond

IN THE FEDERAL COURT.

The Active Work Begun Yesterday Afternoon—Quite a Number of Interested Lima People Are in Toledo Attending the Trial.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 22—(Special.)—When the case of the United States against Charles M. Hughes, Jr., charged with having made false entries in the books and with misapplication of funds of the First National Bank of Lima, was called yesterday, the opinion prevailed throughout the court room that the legal battle would soon be taken up with the evidence in the case, but the attorneys did not wait even until a jury was qualified and sworn and almost the entire remainder of the day was consumed in an endeavor to qualify that important body of twelve men

The United States is represented in the case by United States District Attorney Dodge, of Toledo, and Assistant District Attorney McKay, of Cleveland, while attorneys Mouter & McKenzie, of Lima, and J. M Brown, of Toledo, are retained by the defense.

The first delay in the proceedings was occasioned by reason of several jurors being excused both by the prosecution and defense, until the regular panel of jurors was exhausted. The district attorney then suggested that the jury be completed by summoning bystanders to the jury box The defense objected and the box from which the names of jurors for the U S. circuit court are drawn was brought in and the United States marshal and deputy U. S. district clerk drew out names of jurors. The court excused all jurors who were not residents of Toledo, on the ground that the case should not be delayed while jurors were summoned from a distance. After some 80 or 100 names were drawn, twelve were found to be residents of Toledo, and the deputy marshals were dispatched with summons.

The court adjourned at 12:25 o'clock and convened again at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which hour five of the new jurors had been found. These five were examined, and another delay of more than an hour was occasioned by the necessity of summoning more of the new jurors. Finally, however, the jury was completed, consisting of nine members of the original panel, and three Toledo residents who had been summoned forthwith The defense then challenged the three latter jurors, and, at the request of the court, filed the challenge in the form of an affidavit. In this, Attorney Brown's principal objection to the three jurors serving was based upon a claim that the box from which the names were drawn did not contain the names of three hundred persons as required by the statutes. District Attorney Dodge filed a demurrer to the challenge, denying the allegations made by the defense, and the court sustained the demurrer.

At 5:15 o'clock last night the case had only proceeded far enough to permit District Attorney Dodge to state the Government side of the case to the court and jury. In the beginning of his statements to the jury the district attorney stated that Charles M Hughes became cashier of the First National Bank at Lima in 1882 or '83 and remained in that position until September, 1894. That on Sept 20, 1894 Madison Betts, in his official capacity as one of the official bank examiners, visited the First National Bank, of which Mr. Hughes was cashier, and upon this, his first visit, found that there was something wrong with the status of that bank. The district attorney stated further to the jury that he expected the evidence which would be submitted upon behalf of the government to show that on Sept 26, 1894, Examiner Betts again visited Lima and investigated the affairs of the bank; that upon investigation of the books and conferring with the directors, found that there was very little, if any, money left in the bank and that the Monroe Manufacturing Co. was indebted to the bank almost to the extent of the entire capital stock. The district attorney stated that the evidence was expected to show that Mr. Hughes, as cashier of the bank, had made false entries to the comptroller of the currency; that on July 18, 1894, he made a false entry to the effect that the amount of $24,002 52 was due the bank from approved agents, while in fact a much smaller amount was due; that a false entry had been made of overdrafts, secured and unsecured, while in fact the demand certificates represented a greater amount than that stated to the comptroller: that Mr. Hughes had made an entry of amounts due the bank which were in excess of the actual amounts due, and that a report was made to the effect that the bank did not owe approved agents, while in fact it did.

The jury was further informed that the evidence which would be offered by the government was expected to show that the defendant had made false entry to the effect that the bank owed other banks the sum of $17,867, while it owed a greater sum; further, that the defendant had made

[Continued on Fifth Page.]

WILL THEY STAY?

Or Will the C., H. & D. Shops Be Removed from Lima?

AN IMPORTANT MEETING

Will Be Held at the Circuit Court Room this Evening to Discuss the Matter—Let Everybody Attend It and Help Raise the Fund.

There will be a citizens' meeting at the circuit court room in the court house this evening, at 7 o'clock, to take the preliminary steps toward keeping the C., H. & D. shops in Lima The full text of the General Manager's proposition to the city of Lima was published in last evening's TIMES-DEMOCRAT, and the public is familiar with it. They also are fully conversant with all the facts concerning the disastrous effects of our allowing some other city to step in and take away the shops when they can be kept in Lima for merely $33,000 Let there be a general attendance at the meeting to-night to consider the ways and means for making up the amount demanded.

There have been many surmises, says the *Enquirer*, as to what the Ohio Southern people intend doing with the Ohio Southern and Lima Northern.

It is the intention of the people back of those properties to build an extension of the Ohio Southern from Wellston, the southern terminus, to a connection with the Chesapeake & Ohio or Norfolk & Western

The Lima Northern is to be extended from Adrian, Mich., to a connection with the Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw, which will require the building of but a few miles of road, and a part of the C., J & M system, known as the Michigan division, which extends to Allegan, Mich., is to be put into the Ohio Southern and Lima Northern system and an extension built from Allegan to Lake Michigan, a distance of 13 miles.

When this extension is built it is proposed to run a line of steamers across the lake from Milwaukee, thus forming a through line for traffic from Milwaukee and the Northwest, via the consolidated Lima Northern-Ohio Southern line and Chesapeake and Ohio or Norfolk and Western to the seaboard.

Under the plan for the reorganization of the Cincinnati, Jackson and Mackinaw road the reorganization committee is authorized to divide the property into two divisions, organize the necessary corporations and to vest the title to the stock of some or all of such corporations in one of the corporations. The committee is also authorized to sell such one of the divisions as it seems proper, or stock representing it, for a consideration to be approved by the holders of two-thirds of the preferred stock.

This authorization is given the reorganization committee so that the Michigan division of the C J. & M can be transferred to the Ohio Southern Lima Northern people.

In return Brice is to get that portion of the Ohio Southern which is now graded to within five miles of a connection with the Cincinnati, Lebanon and Northern, and on which work was recently resumed. This piece of road will be extended at the northern end to Columbus, and thus form a through line with Brice's Cleveland, Akron and Columbus road from Cincinnati to Lake Erie

It is proposed by the Brice people to have an independent entrance to Cincinnati for this line, and the Cincinnati, Jackson and Mackinaw through the old Deercreek tunnel, which he purchased some time ago.

Whether Mr. Brice is directly interested in the Ohio Southern Lima Northern deal is not known, although by some who are well posted he is said to be

NOTES

A party of 39 homeseekers left Toledo this morning and afternoon over the C., H. & D. for southern points Another large party went over the Ohio Central for points in Virginia, Alabama and Florida.—*Toledo Bee.*

The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railway to-day secured the low seat rate of $1 in Pullman and Wagner cars between Cincinnati and Hanibal, Mo., via the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, Indianapolis, Decatur & Western and the Wabash railways.

The express companies are considerably disturbed over the inroads the fast freight lines are making on their business. The putting on of fast freight trains between all the important business centers, which make about as good time as do the express companies, is drawing a large volume of business to the fast freight lines. The advance made recently by the freight lines, under which they charge 35 cents on all packages, no matter what their weight if below 100 pounds, has not increased the business of the express companies sufficiently to offset the fast freight service.

To-morrow the Last Day.

To-morrow will be the last day of the great LINEN SALE. If you have not already taken advantage of the opportunities for saving money in the purchase of Linens offered by this sale, attend to it to-morrow. Tablecloths, Napkins, Towels, Sheets, Bedspreads, &c, are being sold at less than regular prices

1t CARROLL & COONEY.

CYCLING.

Prospects for the Coming Season Very Indefinite.

NEW CLUB TO BE FORMED.

Will be an L. A. W. Club—The Lima Cycling Club May be Reorganized—Prospects for a Track and Race Meets Not Encouraging.

The outlook for local cycling attractions during the coming season is at present a very indefinite matter, but it is to be hoped that cycling events will be as numerous as they were last year, and also that they will create even more interest and receive better patronage than heretofore. It cannot be said that Lima has ever had a thoroughly successful race meet, unless it has been the Hoover Bros., Reel and Harman road races. The track events were most all successful so far as the entry lists, prizes and performances were concerned, but financially they have almost invariably been dismal failures Lima has been favored with two first class National Circuit meets and upon both occasions the local projectors have had to go down deeply into their pockets and make up a disheartening deficiency in the proceeds. The Lima Cycling Club meets were fairly well patronized some times, but at the end of the season the board of trustees discovered that the expenses exceeded the receipts to the extent of over half a hundred dollars and this deficiency must be made up in some manner before any new ventures are undertaken by the L. C. C. A cycle show has been suggested and may be given at the beginning of the season, for the purpose of raising money, and if the club is successful in this or any other attempt to pay off outstanding bills, it may be reorganized for the season.

The prospects for having a cycling track for the season are not encouraging for two reasons. First, the club may not reorganize or may not succeed in securing the track for another season and, second, there is a possibility that Metcalf street will be opened straight through from Spring street to the South Side, in which case a portion of the back stretch and lower turn of the Faurot track will be a street instead of a race track.

Prof Roehm, of the Y. M. C. A., anticipated securing a lease on the Faurot track for the coming season and would probably have completed all arrangements for the venture had the membership list of the Y. M. C A reached the long hoped for 1,000, but now Mr. Roehm's project has been given up. Had he secured a lease on the track, provided of course that the proposed street is not opened through the park, various athletic contests, in addition to bicycle races, would be given at regular intervals However, if the Lima Cycling Club is reorganized, the track may yet be leased in conjunction with the Y. M. C A. gymnasium classes and the season may be a very interesting one at the Faurot park

The only new venture that at present seems likely to materialize is a local L. A. W. club Already there are about forty cycling enthusiasts in this city who are members of the L. A. W. and all to whom the project has been suggested have expressed themselves as being heartily in favor of such an organization Should the Lima Cycling Club be reorganized, the proposed L A W club will in no way conflict with it The L. A. W. club will be permanently organized, club rooms will be furnished and maintained the year round, and the chief object of the organization will be to promote the interests of local wheelmen and the cause of the L. A W. It is thought that the new club will have 75 or 100 members this year and an organization of that kind may accomplish considerable in the cause of good streets and good roads.

ANOTHER ECHO

Of the Crash of the Lima National Bank.

Judge Taft, at Cincinnati, has granted leave to B. C. Faurot, agent of the stockholders of the Lima National bank, to file a second and corrected account of his transactions in the affairs of the corporation Faurot represents to the court that the bookkeeper employed by him to make up the account made certain entries regarding Virginia lands that should have been omitted, or show to be balanced by other charges.

For news read the TIMES-DEMOCRAT, which publishes all the news while it is fresh. The only real newspaper in Lima. Compare it with any other local paper published in Ohio and the verdict will be "The TIMES-DEMOCRAT leads them all." Everybody takes it. Ten cents a week delivered at your supper table ix nights a week

Water Works Notice.

If you pay your water bill for the first half of 1897 before Feb. 1st, you will save 10 per cent.

tf H. B. HACKEDORN, Sec'y.

CAKE WALK

In Music Hall Draws a Lar[ge] Number of People.

TWELVE COUPLES CONTES[T]

In Fancy and Society Walks—George Co[ok] Loudly Applauded, and Won the Large Cake—Excellent Order Maintained.

Many of the colored people of Li[ma] last evening were in buoyant spir[its] enjoying what they considered one [of] the swellest social events that ha[d] ever attempted by the colored people. [It] was the cake walk that was held [in] music hall under the direction [of] "Flaxy" Cunningham.

Several such affairs have been a[t]tempted in this city but none h[ave] proved such a success as did the o[ne] last evening. A very large numb[er] of colored people were present [to] participate in the contests and in t[he] dances. Many other citizens of t[he] city were present through curiosi[ty] and those who witnessed the affa[ir] were highly entertained.

The balcony was crowded and ma[ny] people were compelled to stand [on] the lower floor in order to see t[he] movements of the contestants [as] they strutted around the hall in proud and effective manner

Previous to the cake walk prope[r] a musical programme was rendere[d]. The Misses Valentine and William sang a duet and were heartily encore[d]. The Lima Quartette then gave tw[o] entertaining songs, after which Pro[f.] Crooms captured the house with h[is] singing Mrs. Harry Johnson the sang "Bobolink" and was twice re-called.

It was 10 o'clock when the "soc[i]ety" walk was begun and twel[ve] couple presented themselves on th[e] floor and each couple endeavored to show to the five judges, I. N. Pangl[e] Guy Moore, Frank Carter, E. [E.] Wiles and George Durnbaugh, th[at] they could walk in the most han[d]some manner. Flaxey, in evening dress and wearing a large diamond on his immaculate shirt front proudly led each couple around the hall. An immense cake was placed in front of the platform and before this every couple bowed and smiled their prettiest to E. E. Wiles and Charles Durnbaugh The contest rested between George Cook and his sister and Clarence Thomas and Jennie Brooks. They exhibited their skill the second time, and the judges decided that Mr. Thomas and Miss Brooks were the most stylish walkers. A cane was presented to Mr. Thomas and a pair of shoes to Miss Brooks. The audience was taken with the contest and repeatedly applauded.

The event of the evening was yet to occur. It was the comic cake walk, and the movements that soon went through would put any professional contortionist to shame

The contest finally rested between George Cook and Sallie Kelser and Charles Moss and Minnie Byrd. Cook's movements convulsed the audience with laughter. The cake was awarded to George Cook and Sallie Keiser, while the silk umbrella and kid gloves went to Charles Moss and Minnie Byrd. The colored people seemed to be happiness personified

The best of order was maintained and Flaxy is to be congratulated on giving such a successful entertainment. No trouble occurred during the entire evening and the "razzo" was not to be seen. As an early hour this morning the dance broke up and Flaxy was the happiest colored man in the city

THE COUNTY WON

Allen Potts Loses His Suit Against the County Commissioners

The case of Allen Potts against the county commissioners, which was heard before Justice Atmur last Friday, was decided yesterday afternoon in favor of the county commissioners. Potts had a contract with the county commissioners to do some ditch work. He failed to do the work according to specifications and it was afterwards relet to another person. Potts claimed $50 to be due him for the work and sued to obtain the same, but the decision was against him

The Union Meetings.

A great evidence of the interest and progress of these meetings is seen in the fact that so many have expressed a desire to continue another week. The executive committee after fully considering the matter concluded that all indications are favorable to a continuance of the meetings.

There will be only one afternoon meeting, which will be held in the Congregational church. It is thought that the afternoons can be better employed by Christian workers in personal work among acquaintances and friends.

There will be preaching services every evening in Grace M E. and Congregational churches This evening, in the Congregational church Rev. Thomson will preach on "Some Amusements of the Christian." While this discourse will be directed mainly to Christian people, it will by no means be devoid of interest to the unconverted; hence everybody is cordially invited to come and hear for himself.

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